## Co otpbank

## OTP Bank Plc.

## Interim Management Report First quarter 2014 result

(English translation of the original report submitted to the Budapest Stock Exchange)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS¹ AND SHARE DATA

| Main components of the Statement of recognised income in HUF million | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 11,233 | 1,407 | 5,864 | 317\% | -48\% |
| Adjustments (total) | -29,511 | -9,207 | -29,449 | 220\% | 0\% |
| Consolidated adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 40,744 | 10,614 | 35,312 | 233\% | -13\% |
| Pre-tax profit | 57,961 | 14,391 | 38,983 | 171\% | -33\% |
| Operating profit | 112,508 | 106,403 | 108,161 | 2\% | -4\% |
| Total income | 212,869 | 213,883 | 210,184 | -2\% | -1\% |
| Net interest income | 165,888 | 159,225 | 162,453 | 2\% | -2\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 35,813 | 44,829 | 42,040 | -6\% | 17\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 11,168 | 9,828 | 5,691 | -42\% | -49\% |
| Operating expenses | -100,361 | -107,480 | -102,023 | -5\% | 2\% |
| Total risk costs | -55,005 | -91,643 | -68,945 | -25\% | 25\% |
| One off items | 458 | -369 | -233 | -37\% | -151\% |
| Corporate taxes | -17,217 | -3,777 | -3,671 | -3\% | -79\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF million | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Total assets | 10,520,194 | 10,381,047 | 10,139,918 | -2\% | -4\% |
| Total customer loans (net, FX adjusted) | 6,422,648 | 6,301,290 | 6,125,612 | -3\% | -5\% |
| Total customer loans (gross, FX adjusted) | 7,615,871 | 7,551,956 | 7,432,820 | -2\% | -2\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX adjusted) | -1,193,222 | -1,250,666 | -1,307,208 | 5\% | 10\% |
| Total customer deposits (FX adjusted) | 6,739,267 | 6,919,748 | 6,881,568 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Issued securities | 585,740 | 445,218 | 376,128 | -16\% | -36\% |
| Subordinated loans | 308,529 | 267,162 | 280,278 | 5\% | -9\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,536,014 | 1,509,332 | 1,440,662 | -5\% | -6\% |
| Indicators based on one-off adjusted earnings \% | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROE (from adjusted net earnings) | 10.8\% | 2.8\% | 9.7\% | 6.9\%p | -1.1\%p |
| ROA (from adjusted net earnings) | 1.6\% | 0.4\% | 1.4\% | 1.0\%p | -0.2\%p |
| Operating profit margin | 4.42\% | 4.13\% | 4.28\% | 0.14\%p | -0.15\%p |
| Total income margin | 8.37\% | 8.30\% | 8.31\% | 0.01\%p | -0.06\%p |
| Net interest margin | 6.52\% | 6.18\% | 6.42\% | 0.24\%p | -0.10\%p |
| Cost-to-asset ratio | 3.95\% | 4.17\% | 4.03\% | -0.14\%p | 0.09\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 47.1\% | 50.3\% | 48.5\% | -1.7\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Risk cost to average gross loans | 2.88\% | 3.51\% | 3.78\% | 0.26\%p | 0.89\%p |
| Total risk cost-to-asset ratio | 2.16\% | 3.56\% | 2.73\% | -0.83\%p | 0.56\%p |
| Effective tax rate | 29.7\% | 26.2\% | 9.4\% | -16.8\%p | -20.3\%p |
| Net loan/(deposit+retail bond) ratio (FX adjusted) | 92\% | 90\% | 88\% | -2\%p | -5\%p |
| Capital adequacy ratio ${ }^{2}$ (consolidated, IFRS) - Basel III | 19.4\% | 19.7\% | 20.2\% | 0.5\%p | 0.8\%p |
| Tier1 ratio - Basel III | 16.3\% | 17.4\% | 16.4\% | -0.9\%p | 0.1\%p |
| Common Equity Tier1 ('CET1') ratio - Basel III | 15.0\% | 16.0\% | 16.4\% | 0.4\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Share Data | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from unadjusted net earnings) | 41 | 7 | 22 | 242\% | -46\% |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from adjusted net earnings) | 153 | 40 | 132 | 233\% | -13\% |
| Closing price (HUF) | 4,285 | 4,100 | 4,272 | 4\% | 0\% |
| Highest closing price (HUF) | 4,920 | 4,780 | 4,600 | -4\% | -7\% |
| Lowest closing price (HUF) | 4,150 | 4,059 | 3,555 | -12\% | -14\% |
| Market Capitalization (EUR billion) | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 1\% | -1\% |
| Book Value Per Share (HUF) | 5,486 | 5,390 | 5,145 | -5\% | -6\% |
| Tangible Book Value Per Share (HUF) | 4,597 | 4,699 | 4,447 | -5\% | -3\% |
| Price/Book Value | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 9\% | 6\% |
| Price/Tangible Book Value | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 10\% | 3\% |
| P/E (trailing, from accounting net earnings) | 9.9 | 17.9 | 20.4 | 14\% | 105\% |
| P/E (trailing, from adjusted net earnings) | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 8\% | 4\% |
| Average daily turnover (EUR million) | 19 | 14 | 17 | 23\% | -9\% |
| Average daily turnover (million share) | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 36\% | 5\% |



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## INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT - OTP BANK'S RESULTS FOR FIRST QUARTER 2014

Interim Management Report for the first quarter 2014 results of OTP Bank Plc. has been prepared according to the 24/2008. (VIII.15.) PM resolution on the basis of its unaudited separate and consolidated condensed IFRS financial statements for 31 March 2014 or derived from that. At presentation of first quarter 2014 report of OTP Bank we applied International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union.

## SUMMARY OF 1Q 2014

While the final information on the 1 Q performance of the Hungarian economy is not yet published, subsectors have demonstrated favourable trends. Industrial production y-o-y increased by 10.6\%, inflation in March was a mere $0.1 \%$ (after $0 \%$ in January and $0.1 \%$ in February), unemployment rate dropped to $8.3 \%$. The central bank base rate stood at $2.6 \%$ by the end of March and after a consecutive rate cut in April it is now at a historical low level of $2.5 \%$. According to the convergence programme submitted to Brussels on 30 April for the 2014-2017 period the Government envisages a balanced economic growth, further improvement in employment, disciplined fiscal policy and a gradual easing in the financial vulnerability of Hungary. For 2014 in particular, the programme is targeting a 2.3\% GDP growth, improving investments and household consumption, 2.9\% public deficit to GDP and a $0.8 \%$ average inflation. As a result of improving market sentiment towards Hungary benchmark yields and FX-bond secondary levels dropped further and the sovereign CDS tightened to around 190 bps by mid-May, a level last time witnessed 4 years ago.
On 18 March the Debt Management Agency successfully launched a dollar bond issue with 5 and 10 year maturities and USD 3 billion notional value; the heavy oversubscription resulted in a substantial yield tightening.

On 28 March Standard \& Poor's changed the sovereign rating outlook to stable from negative on the back of improving external positions of Hungary; the rating remained unchanged at ' BB '.

Regarding the domestic economy of other group members in the CEE region, one can anticipate an improving operating environment with stable export performances and stronger consumer demand. GDP growth is expected to vary between 1.5-2.5\% with Croatia being an exception with stagnating economy. As a result of better macroeconomic outlook, rating outlook already improved in case of Slovakia and Romania.
On the contrary, in case of the Ukraine and Russia the short term outlook is far from being so positive: Prior to the Ukrainian presidential election due on 25 May: tension has been mounting. Even if the conflict is going to ease, economic performance in both countries faces dire consequences. Currently
a mild recession in Russia and a 5\% GDP decline in the Ukraine is forecast, however with meaningful downside risk is in both cases. Central banks were forced recently to hike rates to safeguard their local currencies and stop massive capital outflows. During the first three months of the year hryvnia depreciated $36 \%$ against the greenback, while ruble lost $8 \%$ of its value.

At the closure of $1 Q$ results the management believed that the Russian-Ukrainian conflict will be settled in a relatively short period of time and Ukraine is going start a consolidation process that will positively affect both the operating environment and the profitability of the subsidiary. In such a context it is imperative to hold a successful presidential election, form a government enjoying a strong public support and conclude a financial agreement with the IMF, the European Union and other international financial organizations and elaborate concrete institutional reforms. Unfortunately, the probability of such outcome is decreasing amid current events. In case the situation further escalates and the anticipated consolidation gets out of reach, that would negatively affect the medium-term expectations and performance of OTP Bank Ukraine, consequently it will have a material impact on the value of the company.
Bearing in mind that in 1Q 2014 the Ukrainian subsidiary suffered a HUF 7.5 billion loss and also the high probability of a fragile business environment for the rest of the year, in 2014 OTP Bank Ukraine may remain in red and the potential loss is estimated to be in the range of HUF 10-20 billion.
Regarding the anticipated performance of the Russian subsidiary, despite an improvement in new vintages for certain consumer product segments - as has been flagged by the management - the overall decline in risk costs is slower than expected. That has been already reflected in its quarterly loss of HUF 4.7 billion. As a result of this, but also due to the weaker lending activity and lower profitability stemming from the benign macroeconomic performance, for 2014 as a whole OTP Bank Russia may not provide positive contribution to the Group's net earnings.

Consolidated earnings: HUF 35.3 billion adjusted after-tax profit, improving operating income and net interest margin, higher DPD90+ ratio and lower provision coverage as a result of a one-off item, outstanding capital and liquidity position
In 1Q 2014 OTP Group posted HUF 35.3 billion adjusted profit which underpins a y-o-y $13 \%$ decline, but significantly higher than the net results in 4 Q 2013. The key driver of the meaningful $q-0-q$ improvement is explained by lower risk costs, but the operating income also grew by $2 \%$. The pre-tax adjusted net result without one-offs was close to HUF 39 billion ( $-33 \%$ y-o-y, +171\% q-o-q). The effective corporate tax rate in 1Q 2014 was $9 \%$. The moderate tax burden was mainly due to the tax shield effect of the revaluation of subsidiary investments at OTP Core, but also to the deferred tax at OTP Bank Russia and OTP Bank Ukraine.

The 1 Q accounting profit was HUF 5.9 billion versus HUF 1.4 billion in the previous quarter and HUF 11.2 billion in the base period. The special banking tax as the only adjustment item was booked in 1Q with a total annual amount of HUF 29.4 billion (after tax).

In 1Q foreign subsidiaries' profit contribution declined $y-0-y$ as a result of losses realized in Russia and the Ukraine, but the CEE subsidiaries in total had an excellent quarterly performance. DSK Bank managed to further improve its profitability (HUF 11.3 billion) and all smaller banks posted positive earnings. It was remarkable that the Romanian and Serbian subsidiaries turned into positive by making HUF 1 billion and HUF 136 million; the latter was a loss maker since 1Q 2009, whereas in Romania it was the biggest net earnings since 2Q 2011.

The consolidated total income without one-off items declined by $1 \%$ y-0-y and by $2 \%$ q-o-q. Within that the net interest income decreased by $2 \%$ y-o-y, however grew by the same magnitude q-o-q. Similar to last year practice OTP booked a one off negative item of HUF 2.8 billion in 1Q, the expected total annual negative impact of the Hungarian FX fixing scheme. Net fees advanced by $17 \%$ y-o-y, but dropped by $6 \%$ in 1 Q . The overall decline of total income is reasoned by weaker non-interest income (-49\% y-o-y and $-42 \%$ q-o-q) related to lower FX result and gains on securities. There was no repurchase of any outstanding obligations in 1Q 2014.

Operating expenses grew by $2 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$, but dropped by $5 \%$ q-o-q mainly due to seasonality. As a result, the operating income increased by $2 \%$ q-o-q. The consolidated income margin (8.31\%) practically remained flat, while the net interest margin (6.42\%) got short of the base period by 10 basis points, however grew by 24 bps q-o-q.
The FX-adjusted consolidated loan portfolio declined by $2 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ and $\mathrm{q}-0-\mathrm{q}$. In 1Q only the consumer
loan book could increase (+1\%): in this segment the Ukrainian, Slovakian, Romanian, Serbian and Montenegrin subsidiaries demonstrated strong increase. The FX-adjusted deposits advanced by $2 \%$ y-o-y, but declined by $1 \%$ q-o-q. It was positive that in 1 Q both the Hungarian and Bulgarian banks managed to increased their deposit base, while the Ukrainian and Russian subsidiaries suffered a significant outflow (-8\% and -10\% respectively). The „net loan-to-(deposit+retail bonds)" ratio stood at 87.6\% underpinning a 5.5\% y-o-y decrease.

The liquidity position of the Group remained stable, the gross liquid reserves at OTP Core were about EUR 6 billion equivalent by end of March. There was no new bond issuance, the outstanding amount of issued securities dropped by HUF 69 billion partly due to HUF bond redemptions (HUF 31 billion) and the repayment of a RUB issue (HUF 36 billion).
Regarding underlying portfolio quality trends, it is important to note that there was a single big project finance loan at OTP Core already being flagged by the management. This loan slipped into the DPD90+ category in 1Q distorting new DPD90+ formation (HUF 69 billion), the DPD90+ ratio (21.2\%) and its provision coverage (83.9\%). Without this particular item, the quarterly FX-adjusted increase of DPD90+ loans would have been HUF 44 billion (by HUF 25 billion lower), slightly lower than the average quarterly flows in 2013 (HUF 47.5 billion). Mainly as a result of this item the DPD90+ ratio increased from $19.8 \%$ to $21.2 \%$. While the deterioration of the Hungarian FX mortgage book further moderated and the Bulgarian and Ukrainian portfolio basically remained resilient, the Russian consumer loan quality deterioration accelerated. Consolidated risk cost represented HUF 68.9 billion in 1Q underpinning a significant q-o-q drop. The DPD90+ coverage decreased from $84.4 \%$ to $83.9 \%$.

OTP Core: HUF 34 billion adjusted after tax profit as a result of stable operating income and significantly lower risk costs; moderate decline in net interest margin, q-o-q higher DPD90+ ratio and lower coverage due to a single large item, the overall portfolio deterioration was moderate
The adjusted after tax profit of OTP Core (basic activity in Hungary) in 1Q 2014 represented HUF 33.9 billion ( $+24 \%$ q-o-q and $+55 \%$ y-o-y). Net earnings were partly influenced by the effective tax burden as a result of tax shield related to the revaluation of subsidiary investments. The pre-tax profit grew by 19\% y-o-y and by 23\% q-o-q reflecting declining risk costs (-48\% y-o-y and -56\% q-o-q). In 1Q the bank put aside HUF 6.4 billion risk costs, the lowest quarterly volume since the onset of the crisis.

The operating income moderated somewhat (-2\% $q-0-q)$, but exceeded the base period by $3 \%$. Within core revenues the net interest income declined by $2 \%$ both $y-0-y$ and $q-0-q$ as a joint result of the eroding loan portfolio, lower interest rate
environment and negative impact of the FX protection scheme. Net fees also decreased $q-o-q$ due to the free of charge cash withdrawals and the introduction of caps on interchange fees in Hungary. Operating expenses declined by 1\% q-o-q.
The FX-adjusted increase of DPD90+ loans optically increased a lot in 1Q, however the management has already flagged that a single big project finance exposure would distort the picture. This particular item had a net HUF 25 billion negative impact on new formation, without this the quarterly increase of DPD90+ volumes would have been close to the average seen in 2H 2013.
The FX-adjusted loan portfolio declined further (-8\% y-o-y and -3\% q-o-q) mainly as a result of the eroding mortgage book; true, the municipality exposure also dropped a lot as a reflection of the Government's consolidation programme. Positive though, that both the new mortgage applications and disbursement volumes showed a material y-o-y increase (+24 and 18\% respectively). Furthermore, the Company managed to increase its lending to Hungarian micro and small enterprises, as well as to mid- and large size corporate clients (+3\% and $1 \%$ $y-o-y)$. Such activity was in line with OTP's strategic undertakings and was also supported by the general targets of the Funding for Growth Scheme of the central bank.
FX-adjusted deposits grew by 1\% q-o-q supported by a strong corporate deposit inflow (+6\%), whereas the household segment underperformed due to the lower yield environment and the crowding out effect of government securities.
Merkantil Group posted a loss of HUF 26 million (without banking tax). The weaker performance was due to lower operating income ( $-3 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ) and significantly increasing risk costs. The FX-adjusted loan book declined by $2 \%$ q-o-q, however new car financing loan volumes advanced by $60 \%$ y-o-y. The company took active part in the Funding for Growth Programme and managed to increase its corporate exposure by $30 \%$ y-o-y.
OTP Fund Management realized HUF 1.1 billion profit in 1Q (without banking tax) which underpins a robust y-o-y $43 \%$ increase. Net fee and commission income expanded by $41 \%$ y-0-y. Total assets under management advanced by $21 \%$ y-o-y and 6\% q-o-q and reached HUF 1,473 billion. The company managed to improve its dominant market position (27.1\%).

Foreign subsidiaries: excellent performance in Bulgaria, profitable operation at all smaller CEE subsidiaries, amongst them the Romanian and Serbian banks also managed to post positive results, significant deterioration in the Ukraine, while Russia remained in red
As a result of losses at the Ukrainian and Russian subsidiaries, the profit contribution of foreign group
members dropped $y-0-y$, but showed an improvement q-o-q.
DSK Bulgaria kept delivering robust earnings and posted an all-time high quarterly profit. Positive, that after several years of mixed performance all smaller subsidiaries realized profit in 1 Q . In case of the Ukrainian and Russian subsidiaries growing or still high risk costs were behind the loss making operation; the operating income remained relatively stable q-o-q in both cases.
The all-time high profit of HUF 11.3 billion at the Bulgarian subsidiary underpins a y-o-y 25\% increase ( $+147 \%$ q-o-q). Operating profit increased substantially ( $+18 \%$ q-o-q), within that net interest income advance by $5 \%$ supported by q-o-q 30 bps higher net interest margin. Risk costs eroded by $32 \%$ y-o-y and by $63 \%$ q-o-q. Still, due to the stable portfolio quality the DPD90+ coverage further improved (1Q 2014: 88.5\%, +0.4 ppt q-o-q). The FX-adjusted loan portfolio stagnated q-o-q, while deposits grew by $2 \%$. The DPD90+ ratio was 20.3\%.
The Russian subsidiary posted HUF 4.7 billion loss in 1Q. Within core revenues the net interest and fee income improved (in HUF terms $+1 \%$ and $21 \%$ respectively, in RUB $+6 \%$ and $27 \%$ ). Due to the weak FX result and losses on securities line total revenues still declined by $1 \%$ in HUF (but $+3 \%$ in RUB terms). Operating income dropped 3\% (+2\% in RUB terms) amid flat operating expenditures (+5\% in RUB terms). Even though 1Q risk costs declined by $15 \%$ q-o-q compared to the all-time high provisions in 4Q 2013, their volume of HUF 31 billion does not underpin a decline versus the quarterly average seen last year. The portfolio deterioration accelerated again, the new DPD90+ formation pierced HUF 26 billion (3Q 2013: 22.6, 4Q 2013: 22.1). The DPD90+ ratio went up to $21.4 \%$ (+3.3 ppts $q-o-q$ ), its coverage also increased ( $107.8 \%,+1.1$ ppts q-o-q).
Reflecting seasonality in lending, as well as a shift in business policy, the FX-adjusted loan portfolio stagnated $q-0-q$ ( $+6 \%$ y-o-y). In line with general market trends and traditionally weak 1Q activity POS loan volumes dropped by $7 \%$ q-o-q, while credit card loans and cash loans still advanced ( $+4 \%$ and $7 \%$ respectively). The corporate exposure grew by $3 \%$ during the previous quarter ( $+51 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ). Deposit volumes dropped by $10 \%$ q-0-q ( $-7 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ), the outflow was meaningful both in the retail and corporate segments.
It is not surprising that amid the current political tension the trend of improving performance at the
Ukrainian subsidiary has discontinued and it posted HUF 7.5 billion loss in 1Q. The continuous and massive depreciation of UAH induced elevated risk costs, as a result the DPD90+ coverage grew by 6.5 ppts and reached $86 \%$. The overall portfolio deterioration was relatively moderate, the quarterly FX-adjusted growth of DPD90+ loan volumes was

HUF 2.6 billion versus HUF 2.3 billion in 4Q 2013. The DPD90+ ratio grew from 34.6\% to 37.7\% q-o-q.
The operating income advanced by $22 \%$ y-o-y ( $-4 \%$ $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ) with total income growing by $11 \%$ ( $-11 \%$ $q-0-q)$ and expenses declining by $5 \%$ ( $-20 \%$ q-o-q). Core banking revenues showed favourable picture: net interest income grew by $18 \%$ y-o-y, fees by $35 \%$ respectively. Risk costs increased significantly, by $253 \%$ y-o-y and by $153 \%$ q-o-q. Net interest margin (10.82\%) improved both on a yearly and quarterly bases.
The material depreciation of UAH in 1Q heavily influenced earning dynamics, accordingly the operating income in hryvnia terms improved by $37 \%$ $y-0-y$ ( $+4 \%$ q-o-q), whereas net interest income expanded by $32 \%$ y-o-y and by $17 \%$ q-o-q.
While the FX-adjusted loan portfolio shrank by $2 \%$ both $y-0-y$ and $q-0-q$, consumer lending activity remained robust (+8\% q-o-q). Within that cash loans expanded by $16 \%$ and credit card loans by $12 \%$ respectively. Under the current situation the POS distribution network expansion moderated (the number of own and contracted selling agents stood at 3.680 by March). Furthermore, out of the 140 existing branches 8 were closed down in the Crimea and another 2 branches temporary suspended their operation in Eastern Ukraine. The deposit volume dropped by $8 \%$ q-o-q with the retail outflow being more pronounced (-10\%). The net loan-to-deposit ratio increased to $211 \%$.
The Romanian subsidiary's 1Q net profit exceeded HUF 1 billon - the highest since 2Q 2011 supported by improving operating income and a meaningful $q-0-q$ decline in risk costs. Backed by higher net interest margin the net interest income grew by $42 \%$ q-o-q. The FX-adjusted loan book stagnated, however the cash loan segment remained robust (+3\% q-o-q, +81\% y-o-y). Deposits dropped by $6 \%$ y-o-y and by $13 \%$ q-o-q, as a result, the net loan-to-deposit ratio increased to 200\%. The DPD90+ ratio elevated to $18.3 \%$ (+0.4 ppt q-o-q), but its provision coverage improved (76.2\%) despite lower q-o-q risk costs.
HUF 0.3 billion net profit posted by the Croatian subsidiary underpins a q-0-q 50\% increase. The operating result dropped by $26 \%$, but it was off-set by a q-o-q 37\% lower risk costs. FX-adjusted loan volumes stagnated, but on a yearly base grew by $4 \%$. The portfolio quality practically did not change, the DPD90+ ratio stood at $12.6 \%$, its coverage increased to 63\%.
The Slovakian subsidiary realized HUF 388 million net result in 1Q, more than double compared to the last quarter profit.
The key drivers were the higher operating income ( $+3 \%$ ) and the lower risk costs (-18\%). The net interest income advanced by 6\% q-o-q as a result of higher margin. The FX-adjusted loan portfolio grew by $1 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ and by $15 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$. The engine of the
growth was the consumer lending which leaped by two and a half times $y-0-y$, but the $16 \%$ increase in mortgages was substantial, too. Deposits increased by $5 \%$ y-o-y. The DPD90+ ratio moderated (11.2\%), the provision coverage improved (60.9\%).
After five consecutive loss-making years the Serbian subsidiary posted HUF 136 million net profit in 1 Q . While both the total income and the operating profit improved $q-0-q$, the key driver was the massive drop in risk costs. The FX-adjusted loan book $q-0-q$ declined, but stagnated $y-0-y$, within that the consumer lending portfolio increased steadily (+26\% y-o-y and $+3 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ). The DPD90+ ratio increased (52.3\%), and its coverage declined as a result of lower risk costs.
The Montenegrin subsidiary realized around HUF 600 million after tax profit underpinning a significant improvement both on a quarterly and yearly base. The favourable outcome was due to improving operating income and lower risk costs. The FX-adjusted loan book advanced by $7 \%$ y-o-y, but slightly decreased q-o-q. Cash loans were the key driver of the yearly increase, though corporate exposures expanded, too. The DPD90+ ratio declined (37.3\%) and its provision coverage improved (81.6\%).

## Credit rating, shareholder structure

In 1Q there were two rating changes: on 5 February Moody's downgraded OTP Ukraine's rating to "Caa3" following a similar move on the sovereign. Also, on 12 March Moody's upgraded the rating of covered bonds issued by OTZP Mortgage Bank from "Baa3" to "Baa2". The rating for the long term currency deposits at OTP Bank and OTP Mortgage bank remained unchanged ("Ba2") with negative outlook. On 31 March Moody's withdrew its "Ba1" rating on OTP Bank's foreign currency bonds as the bank decided not to renew its EMTN Programme given the comfortable liquidity situation. OTP Bank Russia's rating also remained the same ("Ba2") with negative outlook.
Regarding the ownership structure of the bank, there were no changes, i.e. by 31 March 2014 five investors had more than 5\% influence (beneficial ownership) in the Company, namely the Rahimkulov family (9.01\%), MOL (the Hungarian Oil and Gas Company, 8.69\%), the Groupama Group (8.62\%), the Lazard Group (5.52\%) and the Hungarian National Asset Management Inc. (5.10\%).

## Consolidated and stand-alone capital adequacy ratio (in accordance with BASEL III)

By the end of March 2014 the consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 ratio was $16.4 \%$ underpinning a q-o-q 0.4 ppt improvement. OTP Bank's stand-alone Common Equity Tier1 ratio stood at $20.9 \%$ in 1Q 2014.

## POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

## Hungary

- On 15 April 2014 OTP Bank Plc. terminated the employment of Mr. Dániel Gyuris, Deputy Chief Executive Officer by mutual consent.
- On 16 April OTP Bank entered into a contract for the sale of GIRO Ltd. share package, owned by OTP Bank, with the Central Bank of Hungary.
- On 24 April National Bank of Hungary announced that the two-week NBH bill will be replaced by a twoweek deposit facility from 1 August 2014, which only counterparties will be allowed to hold with the Bank and the NBH will not accept it as collateral. Furthermore, a forint interest rate swap facility, a floating-rate long-term collateralized forint loan facility and an asset swap facility will be introduced by NBH.
- On 25 April 2014 the Annual General Meeting of OTP Bank Plc. elected Mr. Tibor Tolnay, Dr. Gábor Horváth, Mr. Antal Kovács, Mr. András Michnai, Mr. Dominique Uzel and Dr. Márton Gellért Vági to the member of the Bank's Supervisory Board until the closing AGM of the fiscal year 2016 but latest until 30 April 2017. The Annual General Meeting elected Mr. Tibor Tolnay, Dr. Gábor Horváth, Mr. Dominique Uzel and Dr. Márton Gellért Vági to the member of the Bank's Audit Committee until the closing AGM of the fiscal year 2016 but latest until 30 April 2017.
- On 29 April NBH made changes in regulation of bank's liquidity ratios in favour of enhancement of financial system stability, the minimum required foreign funding adequacy ratio is currently $65 \%$ that need to be increased gradually to $100 \%$ by the beginning of 2017.
- On 30 April European Court of Justice adjudicated in the legal case of C-26/13, which declares that the Hungarian Supreme Court is compelled to determine whether the disputed condition is a main subject matter of the contract and whether the unfair clauses may be changed. In April Hungarian Supreme Court (Curia) announced that the uniformity decision of FX loan cases will not be presented before autumn 2014. On 17 March the Constitutional Court adopted its decision on the interpretation of the Fundamental Law regarding foreign-currency denominated mortgage loan contracts, which allows lawmaker to amend these contracts by regulatory means, but the legislator has to take into account all parties' reasonable interest and maintain the balance of interests amid changed environment as well.
- On 12 May the Hungarian Parliament extended the eviction moratorium for mortgage holders indefinitely.


## Russia

- On 25 April 2014 S\&P cut Russia's rating to 'BBB-' from 'BBB' and kept its outlook negative.
- On 25 April Central Bank of Russia increased the key rate by 50 bps to $7.5 \%$.


## Ukraine

- On 4 April 2014 Moody's downgraded Ukraine's government bond rating to 'Caa3' from 'Caa2'. The outlook is negative.
- On 9 April Moody's cut OTP Bank Ukraine's Long-term foreign-currency deposit rating to 'Ca' from 'Caa3'. The outlook remained negative.
- On 14 April Ukraine's central bank raised its discount rate to $9.5 \%$ from $6.5 \%$ to halt the plunge of the hryvnia.
- Effective from 18 April JSC OTP Bank decided to terminate the banking activity of her branches in the Crimea.
- On 1 May the International Monetary Fund approved a USD 17 billion loan to Ukraine with an immediate disbursement of USD 3.2 billion to help the country pay its debts.
- On 6 May OTP Bank temporarily closed 2 branches in East Ukrainian Slovyanks and Kramatorsk.


## Bulgaria

- On 9 April 2014 the Bulgarian Parliament amended the Consumer Credit Act to ban banks from charging fees for the early repayment of mortgage loans and also voted to abolish upfront fees on the management of new mortgage and consumer loans.


## Romania

- On 25 April 2014 Moody's changed the outlook on Romania's 'Baa3' government bond rating to stable from negative. Concurrently, Moody's affirmed Romania's 'Baa3' rating.


## Croatia

- On 24 April 2014 OTP accomplished its Croatian acquisition by settling the purchase price.


## Slovakia

- On 4 April 2014 Moody's changed outlook for Slovakia's banking system to stable from negative.


## Serbia

- On 11 April 2014 S\&P left Serbia's long- and short-term foreign sovereign credit rating at 'BB-/B'. The outlook remained negative.

CONSOLIDATED AFTER TAX PROFIT BREAKDOWN BY SUBSIDIARIES (IFRS) ${ }^{3}$

| in HUF million | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 11,233 | 1,407 | 5,864 | 317\% | -48\% |
| Adjustments (total) | -29,511 | -9,207 | -29,449 | 220\% | 0\% |
| Dividend and total net cash transfers (consolidated) | -284 | -221 | -55 | -75\% | -81\% |
| Goodwill/investment impairment charges (after tax) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Special tax on financial institutions and one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax (after corporate income tax) | -29,227 | -274 | -29,394 |  |  |
| Fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority (after tax) | 0 | -3,177 | 0 | 0\% | 0\% |
| Corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings | 0 | -5,533 | 0 | 0\% | 0\% |
| Consolidated adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 40,744 | 10,614 | 35,312 | 233\% | -13\% |
| Banks total without one-off items ${ }^{1}$ | 38,871 | 11,152 | 34,951 | 213\% | -10\% |
| OTP CORE (Hungary) ${ }^{2}$ | 21,893 | 27,325 | 33,946 | 24\% | 55\% |
| Corporate Centre (after tax) ${ }^{3}$ | -1,152 | -666 | -513 | -23\% | -56\% |
| OTP Bank Russia ${ }^{4}$ | 7,731 | -8,906 | -4,747 | -47\% | -161\% |
| CJSC OTP Bank (Ukraine) ${ }^{5}$ | 1,613 | 1,792 | -7,458 | -516\% | -562\% |
| DSK Bank (Bulgaria) ${ }^{6}$ | 9,033 | 4,563 | 11,286 | 147\% | 25\% |
| OBR adj. (Romania) ${ }^{7}$ | -731 | -2,454 | 1,022 | -142\% | -240\% |
| OTP banka Srbija (Serbia) ${ }^{8}$ | -834 | -10,766 | 136 | -101\% | -116\% |
| OBH (Croatia) | 507 | 197 | 297 | 50\% | -41\% |
| OBS (Slovakia) ${ }^{9}$ | 710 | 183 | 388 | 112\% | -45\% |
| CKB (Montenegro) | 101 | -117 | 595 | -610\% | 490\% |
| Leasing | 769 | 705 | 73 | -90\% | -91\% |
| Merkantil Bank + Car, adj. (Hungary) ${ }^{10}$ | 689 | 553 | -26 | -105\% | -104\% |
| Foreign leasing companies (Slovakia, Croatia, Bulgaria, Romania) ${ }^{11}$ | 80 | 152 | 99 | -35\% | 23\% |
| Asset Management | 820 | 1,352 | 1,162 | -14\% | 42\% |
| OTP Asset Management (Hungary) | 788 | 1,353 | 1,126 | -17\% | 43\% |
| Foreign Asset Management Companies (Ukraine, Romania) ${ }^{12}$ | 31 | -1 | 36 |  | 14\% |
| Other Hungarian Subsidiaries | -338 | -2,306 | -1,083 | -53\% | 221\% |
| Other Foreign Subsidiaries (Slovakia, United Kingdom, Cyprus, Romania, Belize) ${ }^{13}$ | 210 | -1,641 | 145 | -109\% | -31\% |
| Eliminations | 412 | 1,350 | 64 | -95\% | -84\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total after tax profit of HUNGARIAN subsidiaries ${ }^{14}$ | 22,293 | 27,610 | 33,515 | 21\% | 50\% |
| Total after tax profit of FOREIGN subsidiaries ${ }^{15}$ | 18,451 | -16,997 | 1,797 | -111\% | -90\% |
| Share of foreign profit contribution, \% | 45\% | -160\% | 5\%p | 165\% | -40\%p |

[^1]
# CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE, UNAUDITED IFRS REPORTS OF OTP BANK PLC. 

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RECOGNIZED INCOME

| Main components of the Statement of recognized income in HUF million | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 11,233 | 1,407 | 5,864 | 317\% | -48\% |
| Adjustments (total) | -29,511 | -9,207 | -29,449 | 220\% | 0\% |
| Dividends and net cash transfers (after tax) | -284 | -221 | -55 | -75\% | -81\% |
| Goodwill/investment impairment charges (after tax) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Special tax on financial institutions and one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax (after corporate income tax) | -29,227 | -275 | -29,394 | 10580\% | 1\% |
| Fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority (after tax) | 0 | -3,177 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings | 0 | -5,533 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Consolidated adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 40,744 | 10,614 | 35,312 | 233\% | -13\% |
| Before tax profit | 57,961 | 14,391 | 38,983 | 171\% | -33\% |
| Operating profit | 112,508 | 106,403 | 108,161 | 2\% | -4\% |
| Total income | 212,869 | 213,883 | 210,184 | -2\% | -1\% |
| Net interest income | 165,888 | 159,225 | 162,453 | 2\% | -2\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 35,813 | 44,829 | 42,040 | -6\% | 17\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 11,168 | 9,828 | 5,691 | -42\% | -49\% |
| Foreign exchange result, net | 2,533 | 5,364 | 1,155 | -78\% | -54\% |
| Gain/loss on securities, net | 4,017 | 1,634 | 788 | -52\% | -80\% |
| Net other non-interest result | 4,618 | 2,831 | 3,747 | 32\% | -19\% |
| Operating expenses | -100,361 | -107,480 | -102,023 | -5\% | 2\% |
| Personnel expenses | -51,123 | -50,173 | -52,147 | 4\% | 2\% |
| Depreciation | -11,366 | -11,871 | -10,379 | -13\% | -9\% |
| Other expenses | -37,872 | -45,436 | -39,496 | -13\% | 4\% |
| Total risk costs | -55,005 | -91,643 | -68,945 | -25\% | 25\% |
| Provision for loan losses | -54,335 | -83,373 | -68,759 | -18\% | 27\% |
| Other provision | -671 | -8,270 | -187 | -98\% | -72\% |
| Total one-off items | 458 | -369 | -233 | -37\% | -151\% |
| Revaluation result of FX swaps at OTP Core | 432 | -297 | -296 | 0\% | -168\% |
| Gain on the repurchase of own Upper and Lower Tier 2 Capital | 0 | 32 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Result of the treasury share swap at OTP Core | 26 | -104 | 63 | -161\% | 142\% |
| Corporate taxes | -17,217 | -3,777 | -3,671 | -3\% | -79\% |
| INDICATORS (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROE (adjusted) | 10.8\% | 2.8\% | 9.7\% | 6.9\%p | -1.1\%p |
| ROA (adjusted) | 1.6\% | 0.4\% | 1.4\% | 1.0\%p | -0.2\%p |
| Operating profit margin | 4.42\% | 4.13\% | 4.28\% | 0.14\%p | -0.15\%p |
| Total income margin | 8.37\% | 8.30\% | 8.31\% | 0.01\%p | -0.06\%p |
| Net interest margin | 6.52\% | 6.18\% | 6.42\% | 0.24\%p | -0.10\%p |
| Net fee and commission margin | 1.41\% | 1.74\% | 1.66\% | -0.08\%p | 0.25\%p |
| Net other non-interest income margin | 0.44\% | 0.38\% | 0.22\% | -0.16\%p | -0.21\%p |
| Cost-to-asset ratio | 3.95\% | 4.17\% | 4.03\% | -0.14\%p | 0.09\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 47.1\% | 50.3\% | 48.5\% | -1.7\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Risk cost for loan losses-to-average gross loans | 2.88\% | 3.51\% | 3.78\% | 0.26\%p | 0.89\%p |
| Risk cost for loan losses-to-average FX adjusted gross loans | 2.91\% | 3.48\% | 3.76\% | 0.28\%p | 0.85\%p |
| Total risk cost-to-asset ratio | 2.16\% | 3.56\% | 2.73\% | -0.83\%p | 0.56\%p |
| Effective tax rate | 29.7\% | 26.2\% | 9.4\% | -16.8\%p | -20.3\%p |
| Non-interest income/total income | 22\% | 26\% | 23\% | -3\%p | 1\%p |
| EPS base (HUF) (from unadjusted net earnings) | 41 | 7 | 22 | 242\%p | -46\%p |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from unadjusted net earnings) | 41 | 7 | 22 | 242\%p | -46\%p |
| EPS base (HUF) (from adjusted net earnings) | 153 | 40 | 132 | 233\%p | -13\%p |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from adjusted net earnings) | 153 | 40 | 132 | 233\%p | -13\%p |
| Comprehensive Income Statement | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 11,233 | 1,408 | 5,864 | 317\% | -48\% |
| Fair value adjustment of securities available-for-sale (recognised directly through equity) | -2,695 | 1,048 | 1,589 | 52\% | -159\% |
| Fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments designated as cash-flow hedge | 131 | 134 | 131 | -2\% | 0\% |
| Fair value adjustment of strategic open FX position hedging net investment in foreign operations | -3,228 | 399 | -2,534 | -735\% | -21\% |
| Foreign currency translation difference | 49,047 | -16,951 | -31,544 | 86\% | -164\% |
| Change of actuarial losses (IAS 19) | 0 | -39 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Net comprehensive income | 54,488 | -14,001 | -26,494 | 89\% | -149\% |
| o/w Net comprehensive income attributable to equity holders | 54,049 | -13,352 | -26,273 | 97\% | -149\% |
| Net comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest | 439 | -649 | -221 | -66\% | -150\% |


|  | Average exchange rate of the HUF (in forint) | $1 Q 2013$ | 4 Q 2013 | $1 Q$ | 2014 | Q-0-Q |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HUF/EUR | 297 | 298 | 308 | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ |  |
| HUF/CHF | 241 | 242 | 252 | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |  |
| HUF/USD | 225 | 219 | 225 | $3 \%$ | $0 \%$ |  |
| HUF/100JPY | 244 | 218 | 219 | $0 \%$ | $-10 \%$ |  |

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

| Main components of balance sheet in HUF million | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 10,520,194 | 10,381,047 | 10,139,918 | -2\% | -4\% |
| Cash and amount due from banks | 503,824 | 539,125 | 495,275 | -8\% | -2\% |
| Placements with other banks | 387,569 | 273,479 | 283,415 | 4\% | -27\% |
| Financial assets at fair value | 243,938 | 415,605 | 339,423 | -18\% | 39\% |
| Securities available-for-sale | 1,680,274 | 1,637,255 | 1,518,498 | -7\% | -10\% |
| Net customer loans | 6,595,791 | 6,245,210 | 6,125,613 | -2\% | -7\% |
| Net customer loans (FX adjusted) | 6,422,648 | 6,301,290 | 6,125,612 | -3\% | -5\% |
| Gross customer loans | 7,834,374 | 7,480,844 | 7,432,821 | -1\% | -5\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX adjusted) | 7,615,871 | 7,551,956 | 7,432,820 | -2\% | -2\% |
| o/w Retail loans | 5,063,582 | 5,033,535 | 5,009,281 | 0\% | -1\% |
| Retail mortgage loans (incl. home equity) | 2,822,332 | 2,687,117 | 2,650,315 | -1\% | -6\% |
| Retail consumer loans | 1,779,725 | 1,886,677 | 1,897,118 | 1\% | 7\% |
| SME loans | 461,525 | 459,741 | 461,848 | 0\% | 0\% |
| Corporate loans | 2,190,855 | 2,201,406 | 2,112,217 | -4\% | -4\% |
| Loans to medium and large corporates | 1,889,031 | 1,923,402 | 1,905,219 | -1\% | 1\% |
| Municipal loans ${ }^{1}$ | 301,823 | 278,004 | 206,998 | -26\% | -31\% |
| Car financing loans | 275,930 | 245,031 | 238,863 | -3\% | -13\% |
| Bills and accrued interest receivables related to loans | 85,505 | 71,984 | 72,460 | 1\% | -15\% |
| Allowances for loan losses | -1,238,583 | -1,235,634 | -1,307,208 | 6\% | 6\% |
| Allowances for loan losses (FX adjusted) | -1,193,222 | -1,250,666 | -1,307,208 | 5\% | 10\% |
| Equity investments | 7,709 | 23,837 | 24,627 | 3\% | 219\% |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 437,180 | 580,051 | 698,388 | 20\% | 60\% |
| Premises, equipment and intangible assets, net | 504,773 | 455,244 | 431,993 | -5\% | -14\% |
| o/w Goodwill, net | 200,186 | 145,564 | 144,663 | -1\% | -28\% |
| Premises, equipment and other intangible assets, net | 304,587 | 309,680 | 287,330 | -7\% | -6\% |
| Other assets | 159,136 | 211,241 | 222,686 | 5\% | 40\% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 10,520,194 | 10,381,047 | 10,139,918 | -2\% | -4\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions and governments | 583,782 | 784,212 | 588,847 | -25\% | 1\% |
| Customer deposits | 6,872,511 | 6,866,606 | 6,881,568 | 0\% | 0\% |
| Customer deposits (FX adjusted) | 6,739,267 | 6,919,748 | 6,881,568 | -1\% | 2\% |
| o/w Retail deposits | 4,767,825 | 4,824,173 | 4,746,805 | -2\% | 0\% |
| Household deposits | 4,158,187 | 4,168,091 | 4,090,278 | -2\% | -2\% |
| SME deposits | 609,638 | 656,082 | 656,527 | 0\% | 8\% |
| Corporate deposits | 1,923,227 | 2,057,173 | 2,098,024 | 2\% | 9\% |
| Deposits to medium and large corporates | 1,572,209 | 1,701,761 | 1,635,313 | -4\% | 4\% |
| Municipal deposits | 351,018 | 355,412 | 462,711 | 30\% | 32\% |
| Accrued interest payable related to customer deposits | 48,215 | 38,403 | 36,739 | -4\% | -24\% |
| Issued securities | 585,740 | 445,218 | 376,128 | -16\% | -36\% |
| o/w Retail bonds | 165,732 | 70,447 | 65,179 | -7\% | -61\% |
| Issued securities without retail bonds | 420,008 | 374,771 | 310,949 | -17\% | -26\% |
| Other liabilities | 633,618 | 508,517 | 572,435 | 13\% | -10\% |
| Subordinated bonds and loans | 308,529 | 267,162 | 280,278 | 5\% | -9\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,536,014 | 1,509,332 | 1,440,662 | -5\% | -6\% |
| Indicators | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Loan/deposit ratio (FX adjusted) | 113\% | 109\% | 108\% | -1\%p | -5\%p |
| Net loan/(deposit + retail bond) ratio (FX adjusted) | 92\% | 90\% | 88\% | -2\%p | -5\%p |
| 90+ days past due loan volume | 1,542,621 | 1,463,645 | 1,557,898 | 6\% | 1\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans | 19.9\% | 19.8\% | 21.2\% | 1.4\%p | 1.3\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans | 80.3\% | 84.4\% | 83.9\% | -0.5\%p | 3.6\%p |


| Consolidated capital adequacy - Basel III | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital adequacy ratio ${ }^{2}$ (consolidated, IFRS) | 19.4\% | 19.7\% | 20.2\% | 0.5\%p | 0.8\%p |
| Tier1 ratio | 16.3\% | 17.4\% | 16.4\% | -0.9\%p | 0.1\%p |
| Common Equity Tier1 ('CET1') capital ratio | 15.0\% | 16.0\% | 16.4\% | 0.4\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Regulatory capital ${ }^{2}$ (consolidated) | 1,511,374 | 1,440,962 | 1,385,576 | -4\% | -8\% |
| o/w Tier 1 Capital | 1,270,693 | 1,270,402 | 1,125,012 | -11\% | -11\% |
| o/w Common Equity Tier1 capital | 1,168,052 | 1,170,378 | 1,125,012 | -4\% | -4\% |
| Additional Tier1 Capital | 102,641 | 100,025 | 0 | -100\% | -100\% |
| Tier2 Capital | 241,024 | 170,927 | 260,564 | 52\% | 8\% |
| o/w Hybrid Tier2 | 0 | 0 | 98,477 |  |  |
| Deductions from the regulatory capital | -343 | -367 | n/a |  |  |
| Consolidated risk weighted assets (RWA) (Credit\&Market\&Operational risk) | 7,775,823 | 7,313,275 | 6,842,412 | -6\% | -12\% |
| o/w RWA (Credit risk) | 6,295,805 | 5,842,732 | 5,613,234 | -4\% | -11\% |
| RWA (Market \& Operational risk) | 1,480,018 | 1,470,543 | 1,229,178 | -16\% | -17\% |
| Closing exchange rate of the HUF (in forint) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/EUR | 304 | 297 | 307 | 3\% | 1\% |
| HUF/CHF | 250 | 242 | 252 | 4\% | 1\% |
| HUF/USD | 237 | 216 | 223 | 4\% | -6\% |
| HUF/100JPY | 252 | 205 | 217 | 5\% | -14\% |
| ${ }^{1}$ As of 31 March 2014 on consolidated level out of HUF 207 billion exposure to municipalities the exposure to the Hungarian State amounted to HUF 137 billion. <br> ${ }^{2}$ The ICES and the perpetual (UT2) bond are treated as Tier2 capital elements. The regulatory approval/negotiation is still in progress. |  |  |  |  |  |

## OTP BANK'S HUNGARIAN CORE BUSINESS

OTP Core Statement of recognized income:

| Main components of the Statement of recognised income in HUF million | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 21,893 | 27,325 | 33,946 | 24\% | 55\% |
| Corporate income tax | -11,913 | -5,186 | -6,126 | 18\% | -49\% |
| Pre-tax profit | 33,806 | 32,511 | 40,072 | 23\% | 19\% |
| Operating profit | 45,477 | 47,491 | 46,667 | -2\% | 3\% |
| Total income | 91,699 | 95,509 | 94,364 | -1\% | 3\% |
| Net interest income | 67,688 | 67,756 | 66,358 | -2\% | -2\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 19,657 | 24,776 | 23,965 | -3\% | 22\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 4,353 | 2,977 | 4,040 | 36\% | -7\% |
| Operating expenses | -46,223 | -48,018 | -47,696 | -1\% | 3\% |
| Total risk costs | -12,129 | -14,579 | -6,362 | -56\% | -48\% |
| Provisions for possible loan losses | -11,672 | -11,053 | -6,487 | -41\% | -44\% |
| Other provisions | -457 | -3,526 | 124 | -104\% | -127\% |
| Total one-off items | 458 | -401 | -233 | -42\% | -151\% |
| Revaluation result of FX swaps | 432 | -297 | -296 | 0\% | -168\% |
| Gain on the repurchase of own Upper and Lower Tier 2 Capital | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Revaluation result of the treasury share swap agreement | 26 | -104 | 63 | -161\% | 142\% |
| Revenues by Business Lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| RETAIL |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 71,795 | 71,750 | 71,277 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Net interest income | 54,231 | 51,546 | 51,301 | 0\% | -5\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 16,597 | 19,388 | 19,097 | -2\% | 15\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 967 | 815 | 878 | 8\% | -9\% |
| CORPORATE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 8,506 | 14,053 | 14,279 | 2\% | 68\% |
| Net interest income | 5,755 | 8,479 | 9,279 | 9\% | 61\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 2,469 | 5,336 | 4,743 | -11\% | 92\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 283 | 238 | 257 | 8\% | -9\% |
| Treasury ALM |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 10,753 | 9,771 | 8,195 | -16\% | -24\% |
| Net interest income | 7,702 | 7,731 | 5,778 | -25\% | -25\% |
| Net fees and commissions | -24 | 372 | 124 | -67\% | -622\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 3,074 | 1,668 | 2,293 | 37\% | -25\% |
| Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROE | 7.5\% | 8.7\% | 11.3\% | 2.6\%p | 3.8\%p |
| ROA | 1.4\% | 1.7\% | 2.1\% | 0.4\%p | 0.7\%p |
| Operating profit margin (operating profit / avg. total assets) | 2.9\% | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | -0.1\%p | 0.0\%p |
| Total income margin | 5.93\% | 6.05\% | 5.98\% | -0.07\%p | 0.05\%p |
| Net interest margin | 4.37\% | 4.29\% | 4.20\% | -0.09\%p | -0.17\%p |
| Net fee and commission margin | 1.3\% | 1.6\% | 1.5\% | -0.1\%p | 0.2\%p |
| Net other non-interest income margin | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\%p | 0.0\%p |
| Operating costs to total assets ratio | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 0.0\%p | 0.0\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 50.4\% | 50.3\% | 50.5\% | 0.3\%p | 0.1\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans | 1.46\% | 1.43\% | 0.87\% | -0.55\%p | -0.59\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX adjusted) | 1.44\% | 1.40\% | 0.87\% | -0.54\%p | -0.58\%p |
| Effective tax rate | 35.2\% | 16.0\% | 15.3\% | -0.7\%p | -20.0\%p |

- OTP Core posted HUF 4.9 billion accounting profit in 1Q, the adjusted after tax profit was HUF 34 billion
- The adjusted pre-tax profit improved both $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$ as a result of significantly lower risk costs
- Operating income declined by 2\% q-o-q due to weaker net interest- and fee income
- As a result of an already flagged project finance loan reaching 90 days of delinquency the DPD90+ ratio increased substantially $9-0-q$ and the coverage shrank, however the deterioration of household loans remained benign
- Deposits increased q-o-q despite the retail segment dropped
- Supported also by the Funding for Growth Programme the corporate exposure y-o-y grew in all segments (micro and SME advanced by $3 \%$, medium and large corporates by 1\%, respectively)


## P\&L developments

Without the effect of adjustment items ${ }^{4}$ OTP Core posted a net profit of HUF 33.9 billion in 1Q 2014, underpinning a 55\% y-o-y increase (+24\% q-o-q). The yearly dynamics were heavily influenced by the volatility in the corporate tax burden induced by the tax shield effect of the revaluation of subsidiary investments due to HUF volatility (the corporate tax impact in HUF billion: 1Q 20134.2 additional tax payment, 4Q: 1.4 tax savings, 1Q 2014: 3.0 tax savings) The key driver behind better pre-tax earnings was the lower risk costs, their volume of HUF 6.4 billion in 1Q was the lowest since 2Q 2008.
The operating profit declined by $2 \% ~ q-0-q$, but advanced by $3 \%$ y-o-y. On the income side the net interest result melted down by $2 \%$ both y-o-y and $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$, since the interest bearing portfolio shrank and net interest margins were lower on a yearly and quarterly base. The key reason being the declining yield environment which took its toll through lower deposit margins. The full annual expected negative impact of the FX protection scheme was also booked in 1Q with the effect of HUF 2.8 billion on net interest revenues (in 1Q 2013 such item caused a HUF 2.3 billion decline in net interest income). Provided this negative impact was booked timeproportionally, the 1 Q net interest margin would have been $4.34 \%$ ( +0.08 ppt q-o-q and -0.15 ppts $y-0-y$ ). By the end of March around $30 \%$ of eligible borrowers of OTP bank, OTP Mortgage Bank and OTP Flat Lease concluded 36,987 FX-protection contracts in total, as a result loan volumes under the

[^2]FX protection scheme reached HUF 261 billion, an equivalent of $47 \%$ of the outstanding FX mortgage portfolio.
Net fees and commission advanced by $22 \%$ y-o-y. On a quarterly base, the free of charge cash withdrawals ${ }^{5}$ (twice in a month) and the introduction of cap on interchange fees in Hungary ${ }^{6}$ resulted in a $3 \%$ q-o-q decline in net fee and commission income. Other non-interest income declined $y$-o-y due to a smaller gain in 1Q realised on the available-for-sale government bond portfolio (in HUF billion: 1Q 2014 0.4, 1Q 2013: 3.1).

Operating expenses increased by $3 \%$ y-o-y with personal costs stagnating. The q-o-q 1\% decline was mainly due to seasonality.

Risk costs moderated both y-o-y and q-o-q by around $50 \%$, in 1Q 2014 the risk cost rate dropped to $0.87 \%$. As the management flagged earlier, in 1Q a project finance loan (with a principal of HUF 35 billion) reached 90 days of delinquency, and this item pushed up the quarterly increase in DPD90+ volumes on an FX-adjusted basis by around HUF 25 billion. Without this single item the portfolio deterioration was in line with the trends seen from 2H 2013. (new DPD90+ volumes in HUF billion: 1Q 2013: 14, 2Q: 18, 3Q: 9, 4Q: -9, 1Q 2014: 33, adjusted by the large project finance loan: 8). The overall DPD90+ ratio increased to 19.3\% (+1.9 ppts q-o-q), its coverage dropped to $79.8 \%$ ( -5.5 ppts $q-o-q,-1.8$ ppts $y-o-y$ ). Adjusting with the flagged item, the DPD90+ ratio ceteris paribus would have increased to $18.1 \%$ (+0.7 ppt), whereas the coverage would have dropped only to $85.0 \%$ (-0.3 ppt). The mortgage portfolio deterioration remained moderate, while the consumer loan book continued to show a decelerating tendency already started at the beginning of 2013.

[^3]Main components of OTP Core's Statement of financial position:

| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Assets | 6,320,945 | 6,454,938 | 6,353,379 | -2\% | 1\% |
| Net customer loans | 2,797,362 | 2,584,717 | 2,525,903 | -2\% | -10\% |
| Net customer loans (FX adjusted) | 2,804,513 | 2,623,646 | 2,525,903 | -4\% | -10\% |
| Gross customer loans | 3,244,415 | 3,034,469 | 2,985,940 | -2\% | -8\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX adjusted) | 3,253,506 | 3,084,198 | 2,985,940 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Retail loans | 2,178,432 | 2,046,980 | 2,019,978 | -1\% | -7\% |
| Retail mortgage loans (incl. home equity) | 1,618,483 | 1,506,594 | 1,481,925 | -2\% | -8\% |
| Retail consumer loans | 439,685 | 417,023 | 414,626 | -1\% | -6\% |
| SME loans | 120,265 | 123,363 | 123,427 | 0\% | 3\% |
| Corporate loans | 1,075,074 | 1,037,218 | 965,962 | -7\% | -10\% |
| Loans to medium and large corporates | 813,975 | 822,963 | 821,260 | 0\% | 1\% |
| Municipal loans ${ }^{1}$ | 261,098 | 214,255 | 144,702 | -32\% | -45\% |
| Provisions | -447,053 | -449,752 | -460,037 | 2\% | 3\% |
| Provisions (FX adjusted) | -448,992 | -460,552 | -460,037 | 0\% | 2\% |
| Deposits from customers + retail bonds | 3,948,102 | 3,903,396 | 3,978,348 | 2\% | 1\% |
| Deposits from customers + retail bonds (FX adjusted) | 3,942,482 | 3,925,849 | 3,978,348 | 1\% | 1\% |
| Retail deposits + retail bonds | 2,474,900 | 2,357,322 | 2,314,048 | -2\% | -6\% |
| Household deposits + retail bonds | 2,160,213 | 2,014,987 | 1,964,389 | -3\% | -9\% |
| o/w: Retail bonds | 165,732 | 70,447 | 65,179 | -7\% | -61\% |
| SME deposits | 314,688 | 342,335 | 349,660 | 2\% | 11\% |
| Corporate deposits | 1,467,582 | 1,568,526 | 1,664,299 | 6\% | 13\% |
| Deposits to medium and large corporates | 1,172,595 | 1,265,036 | 1,250,944 | -1\% | 7\% |
| Municipal deposits | 294,987 | 303,490 | 413,355 | 36\% | 40\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 411,899 | 591,856 | 422,319 | -29\% | 3\% |
| Issued securities without retail bonds | 255,865 | 276,916 | 266,778 | -4\% | 4\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,163,898 | 1,244,473 | 1,196,184 | -4\% | 3\% |
| Loan Quality (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume | 548,268 | 527,591 | 576,572 | 9\% | 5\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans | 16.9\% | 17.4\% | 19.3\% | 1.9\%p | 2.4\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans | 81.5\% | 85.2\% | 79.8\% | -5.5\%p | -1.8\%p |
| Market Share (\%)3 | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Loans | 18.8\% | 19.0\% | 18.6\% | -0.3\%p | -0.2\%p |
| Deposits | 23.1\% | 23.7\% | 24.8\% | 1.1\%p | 1.7\%p |
| Total Assets | 26.6\% | 26.9\% | 26.6\% | -0.3\%p | -0.1\%p |
| Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Net loans to (deposits + retail bonds) (FX adjusted) | 71\% | 67\% | 63\% | -3\%p | -8\%p |
| Leverage (Shareholder's Equity/Total Assets) | 18.4\% | 19.3\% | 18.8\% | -0.5\%p | 0.4\%p |
| Leverage (Total Assets/Shareholder's Equity) | 5,4x | 5,2x | 5,3x |  |  |
| $\qquad$ | 21.2\% | 23.0\% | 25.0\% | 2.0\%p | 3.9\%p |
| Common Equity Tier1 ratio (OTP Bank, non-consolidated, Basel III, HAS) | 20.2\% | 23.0\% | 20.9\% | -2.1\%p | 0.7\%p |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ As of 31 March 2014 out of HUF 145 billion exposure to municipalities the exposure to the Hungarian State amounted to HUF 137 billion.
${ }^{2}$ The perpetual (UT2) bond is treated as Tier2 capital element. The regulatory approval/negotiation is still in progress.

## Balance sheet trends

During the first quarter FX-adjusted gross loans of OTP Core dropped by 3\% q-o-q (-7\% y-o-y), mainly due to the further contraction in the mortgage portfolio (-2\% q-o-q, -8\% y-o-y) and the result of the debt consolidation of Hungarian local governments. The latter dropped by $32 \%$ q-o-q as on 28 February the Hungarian Government took over all the remaining debt obligations of the Hungarian municipalities. The last phase of the consolidation involved HUF 102 billion municipality portfolio, of which HUF 64 billion was pre-paid and HUF 38 billion was refinanced from a loan extended by OTP Bank for the Debt Management Agency. Thus the local government consolidation had a negative impact of HUF 64 billion on OTP Core's loan volumes. The $y-0-y$ decline of the municipality portfolio (-45\%) was also influenced by the previous
phase of consolidation in June 2013. Out of the total HUF 145 billion municipal loans in the balance sheet, HUF 137 billion was toward the Hungarian State, HUF 3 billion toward municipal clients and HUF 5 billion toward water utilities, public service companies and other clients.
It was encouraging that partly as a result of the Funding for Growth Programme initiated by the National Bank OTP Bank's exposure to local corporate clients ${ }^{8}$ increased (+7\% y-o-y). During the same period the portfolio of Hungarian financial

[^4]institutions excluding OTP dropped by 7\% y-o-y. Consequently, the market share ${ }^{9}$ of OTP Group in loans to Hungarian companies increased to $12.5 \%$ (+1.6 ppts y-o-y).
In the first phase of the Funding for Growth Programme OTP Group managed to conclude contracts with a principal value of HUF 91 billion, out of that amount HUF 71 billion was originated under the first pillar, i.e. new placements represented $62 \%$. The second phase of the Programme is available for clients from early October. The initial size of funding was set at HUF 500 billion, however the funding will not be allocated to banks, but banks can withdraw funding in line with approved client applications. Under the second phase of the Programme OTP Group already contracted in the amount of more than HUF 30 billion until the beginning of May, moreover loan applications in the pipeline exceed HUF 40 billion.
The erosion of the mortgage book continued. Positive though, that mortgage loan applications and originations showed a significant increase reflecting the positive impact of the new State subsidized housing loan programme (applications in HUF billion: 1Q 2013: 15.6, 1Q 2014: 19.4, +24\% y-o-y; disbursed amounts: 1Q 2013: 9.2, 1Q 2014: 10.9, $+18 \%$ y-o-y). In 1Q 2014 at OTP, applications for subsidized housing loans with the amount of HUF 7 billion represented $47 \%$ of total housing loan applications and $36 \%$ of total mortgage loan applications. OTP's market share in mortgage loan origination remained strong (1Q 2014: 26\%).

[^5]OTP Bank still dominates the new cash loan market, though its share declined (1Q 2014: 43\%). New volumes expanded by $10 \%$ q-o-q, but the outstanding portfolio declined. In 4Q the volume of overdraft loans declined as a result of an adverse effect related to the year-end bonus payments for public servants, but in $1 Q$ the bank managed to increase volumes again. Still, the total consumer loan book contracted (-1\% q-o-q, -6\% y-o-y).
Deposits grew by 1\% q-0-q and 4\% y-0-y (adjusted for the FX-effect). On a yearly base only retail deposits melted down due to the lower yield environment and the crowding out effect of appealing investment alternatives (e.g. government bonds and mutual funds). The municipality deposit increase over the quarter was reasoned by the strong inflow of local taxes boosting deposits in 1Qs and 3Qs.

## OTP FUND MANAGEMENT (HUNGARY)

Changes in assets under management and financial performance of OTP Fund Management:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfer and banking tax | 788 | 1,353 | 1,126 | -17\% | 43\% |
| Corporate income tax | -85 | -131 | -209 | 59\% | 145\% |
| Profit before income tax | 874 | 1,485 | 1,334 | -10\% | 53\% |
| Operating income | 874 | 1,425 | 1,334 | -6\% | 53\% |
| Total income | 1,221 | 2,178 | 1,685 | -23\% | 38\% |
| Net interest income | 0 | 0 | 0 | -68\% | -98\% |
| Net fee and commission income | 1,191 | 2,339 | 1,681 | -28\% | 41\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 31 | -160 | 4 | -102\% | -87\% |
| Operating expenses | -348 | -753 | -351 | -53\% | 1\% |
| Other provisions | 0 | 59 | 0 | -100\% | 0\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 9,084 | 9,014 | 10,243 | 14\% | 13\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 4,063 | 6,808 | 4,459 | -35\% | 10\% |
| Asset under management in HUF bn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Assets under management, total (w/o duplicates) | 1,219 | 1,384 | 1,473 | 6\% | 21\% |
| Retail investment funds (closing, w/o duplicates) | 821 | 993 | 1,079 | 9\% | 31\% |
| Volume of managed assets (closing, w/o duplicates) | 399 | 391 | 394 | 1\% | -1\% |
| Volume of investment funds (with duplicates) | 923 | 1,238 | 1,328 | 7\% | 44\% |
| money market | 415 | 429 | 431 | 0\% | 4\% |
| bond | 223 | 318 | 383 | 21\% | 72\% |
| mixed | 13 | 170 | 167 | -2\% |  |
| security | 94 | 83 | 84 | 2\% | -10\% |
| guaranteed | 101 | 105 | 105 | -1\% | 4\% |
| other | 78 | 133 | 158 | 18\% | 101\% |

In 1Q 2014 OTP Fund Management posted a y-o-y 43\% higher, HUF 1.1 billion after tax profit, excluding the special banking tax on financial institutions. The y-o-y 53\% improvement of operating income was induced by favourable dynamics in net fees (+41\%) in line with the expanding volume of assets under management. Operating expenses remained stable in comparison with the base period.

As a consequence of declining deposit rates due to the monetary easing in the last one and a half-year the interest in investment funds remained strong. The asset of Hungarian investment funds expanded by $7.8 \%$ q-o-q, asset growth represents HUF 270 billion fresh money and positive returns in the amount of HUF 51 billion. The asset of bond funds

- representing the second largest fund category enjoyed a steady capital inflow, while money market and equity funds suffered capital withdrawal.

The volume of asset under management of OTP Fund Management increased by HUF 223 billion (HUF 79 billion $q-0-q$ ). The indisputable winners of capital inflow were OTP Optima, OTP Premium Money Market and OTP Supra Fund. The asset growth exceeded the market growth rate, the market share (without duplication) increased by 0.2 ppts to $27.1 \%$ accordingly.

The other two consolidated fund management companies within the Group (in Ukraine and Romania) posted HUF 36 million profits in 1Q 2014.

## MERKANTIL GROUP (HUNGARY)

Performance of Merkantil Bank and Car:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | 689 | 553 | -26 | -105\% | -104\% |
| Income tax | 150 | -77 | 178 | -331\% | 18\% |
| Profit before income tax | 539 | 630 | -203 | -132\% | -138\% |
| Operating profit | 1,887 | 1,532 | 1,491 | -3\% | -21\% |
| Total income | 3,394 | 3,124 | 3,041 | -3\% | -10\% |
| Net interest income | 3,670 | 3,646 | 3,873 | 6\% | 6\% |
| Net fees and commissions | -754 | -803 | -701 | -13\% | -7\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 478 | 281 | -131 | -147\% | -127\% |
| Operating expenses | -1,506 | -1,592 | -1,550 | -3\% | 3\% |
| Total risk costs | -1,348 | -903 | -1,694 | 88\% | 26\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -1,294 | -861 | -1,621 | 88\% | 25\% |
| Other provision | -54 | -42 | -73 | 75\% | 35\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 243,388 | 282,780 | 271,798 | -4\% | 12\% |
| Gross customer loans | 257,663 | 257,485 | 252,002 | -2\% | -2\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 258,754 | 262,487 | 252,002 | -4\% | -3\% |
| Retail loans | 4,064 | 6,530 | 7,597 | 16\% | 87\% |
| Corporate loans | 41,362 | 62,085 | 53,953 | -13\% | 30\% |
| Car financing loans | 213,327 | 193,872 | 190,453 | -2\% | -11\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -38,456 | -34,403 | -36,385 | 6\% | -5\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -38,507 | -34,631 | -36,385 | 5\% | -6\% |
| Deposits from customers | 4,318 | 5,945 | 5,694 | -4\% | 32\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 4,318 | 5,945 | 5,694 | -4\% | 32\% |
| Retail deposits | 1,595 | 2,234 | 2,281 | 2\% | 43\% |
| Corporate deposits | 2,723 | 3,711 | 3,414 | -8\% | 25\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 171,520 | 210,004 | 198,866 | -5\% | 16\% |
| Issued securities | 36,666 | 35,141 | 35,129 | 0\% | -4\% |
| Subordinated debt | 1,723 | 1,411 | 1,108 | -22\% | -36\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 26,265 | 27,486 | 26,744 | -3\% | 2\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 41,606 | 37,405 | 38,779 | 3.7\% | -6.8\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 16.1\% | 14.5\% | 15.4\% | 0.9\%p | -0.8\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 2.00\% | 1.31\% | 2.58\% | 1.27\%p | 0.58\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX-adjusted) (\%) | 1.97\% | 1.29\% | 2.56\% | 1.26\%p | 0.59\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 92.4\% | 92.0\% | 93.8\% | 1.9\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 1.1\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | -0.8\%p | -1.2\%p |
| ROE | 10.6\% | 8.1\% | -0.4\% | -8.4\%p | -11.0\%p |
| Net interest margin | 6.12\% | 5.05\% | 5.66\% | 0.61\%p | -0.46\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 44.4\% | 50.9\% | 51.0\% | 0.0\%p | 6.6\%p |

Merkantil Bank and Car posted HUF 26 million aggregated negative after tax result in 1Q 2014 (excluding special tax on financial institutions) against HUF 689 million profit in the base period.
The decline in operating result on quarterly and yearly basis was driven by decreasing other income. Mainly deteriorating FX result affected the decline in non-interest income $y-0-y$ and $q-o-q$. In the meantime, the core revenues of the Bank indicate improvement: the net interest income increased by $6 \% q-o-q$ and $y-o-y$ as well. Net interest margin rose in 1Q after continuous erosion in 2013 ( -0.46 ppt $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y},+0.61$ ppt q-o-q).
The ratio of DPD90+ loans changed to $15.4 \%$ (-0.8 ppt y-o-y, +0.9 ppt q-o-q). In 1Q 2014 HUF 0.7
billion one-off provisions contributed to risk costs, which is not in connection with portfolio deterioration, therefore provision coverage ratio increased by 1.9 ppts q-o-q to 93.8\%.
The FX-adjusted car financing loan book continued eroding: the portfolio contracted by $2 \% ~ q-0-q$ and $11 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$, the latter is explained by the write-off and sale of non-performing loans. In 1Q new car financing loan disbursements kept on growing ( $+60 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ). The y-0-y 30\% growth of corporate loan volumes reflects mainly new loan disbursements under the Funding for Growth Scheme.

## IFRS REPORTS OF THE MAIN SUBSIDIARIES

In the following parts of the Interim Management Report First quarter 2014 results the after tax profit of the subsidiaries are presented without any received dividends and net cash transfers. The structural adjustments on the lines of subsidiaries' Statements of recognised income as well as description of calculation methods of performance indices are to be found in supplementary data annex.

## DSK GROUP (BULGARIA)

Performance of DSK Group:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends and net cash transfer | 9,033 | 4,563 | 11,286 | 147\% | 25\% |
| Income tax | -1,105 | -552 | -1,227 | 122\% | 11\% |
| Profit before income tax | 10,138 | 5,115 | 12,513 | 145\% | 23\% |
| Operating profit | 14,413 | 13,004 | 15,400 | 18\% | 7\% |
| Total income | 23,329 | 23,521 | 24,737 | 5\% | 6\% |
| Net interest income | 18,372 | 18,482 | 19,469 | 5\% | 6\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 4,144 | 4,655 | 4,493 | -3\% | 8\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 813 | 383 | 774 | 102\% | -5\% |
| Operating expenses | -8,916 | -10,517 | -9,337 | -11\% | 5\% |
| Total provisions | -4,275 | -7,889 | -2,887 | -63\% | -32\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -4,275 | -7,277 | -2,888 | -60\% | -32\% |
| Other provision | 0 | -612 | 1 | -100\% |  |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 1,370,973 | 1,343,595 | 1,402,033 | 4\% | 2\% |
| Gross customer loans | 1,173,277 | 1,138,014 | 1,171,357 | 3\% | 0\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 1,183,844 | 1,176,921 | 1,171,357 | 0\% | -1\% |
| Retail loans | 929,587 | 930,092 | 925,192 | -1\% | 0\% |
| Corporate loans | 254,257 | 246,829 | 246,165 | 0\% | -3\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -190,819 | -201,300 | -210,791 | 5\% | 10\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -192,467 | -208,184 | -210,791 | 1\% | 10\% |
| Deposits from customers | 1,025,908 | 1,054,713 | 1,111,946 | 5\% | 8\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 1,033,401 | 1,090,829 | 1,111,946 | 2\% | 8\% |
| Retail deposits | 912,541 | 958,864 | 972,050 | 1\% | 7\% |
| Corporate deposits | 120,860 | 131,965 | 139,896 | 6\% | 16\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 48,860 | 44,351 | 25,490 | -43\% | -48\% |
| Subordinated debt | 45,849 | 0 | 0 |  | -100\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 227,375 | 220,752 | 238,851 | 8\% | 5\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 222,901 | 228,539 | 238,177 | 4\% | 7\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 19.0\% | 20.1\% | 20.3\% | 0.3\%p | 1.3\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 1.50\% | 2.53\% | 1.01\% | -1.51\%p | -0.48\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans | 1.45\% | 2.45\% | 1.00\% | -1.45\%p | -0.45\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 85.6\% | 88.1\% | 88.5\% | 0.4\%p | 2.9\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 2.8\% | 1.3\% | 3.3\% | 2.0\%p | 0.6\%p |
| ROE | 16.8\% | 8.3\% | 19.9\% | 11.6\%p | 3.1\%p |
| Total income margin | 7.11\% | 6.93\% | 7.31\% | 0.37\%p | 0.20\%p |
| Net interest margin | 5.60\% | 5.45\% | 5.75\% | 0.30\%p | 0.16\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 38.2\% | 44.7\% | 37.7\% | -7.0\%p | -0.5\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 96\% | 89\% | 86\% | -2\%p | -10\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-o-Y |
| HUF/BGN (closing) | 155.6 | 151.8 | 157.0 | 3\% | 1\% |
| HUF/BGN (average) | 151.6 | 152.2 | 157.4 | 3\% | 4\% |

- 1Q after tax profit grew by one and a half time $q-o-q$ as a result of lower operating expenses and smaller risk costs
- DPD90+ volumes increased $q-0-q$ in the consumer and corporate segments, the DPD90+ ratio grew to $20.3 \%$ as gross loan volumes remained flat
- Despite q-o-q lower risk costs the DPD90+ coverage increased further by 0.4 ppt (1Q 2014: 88.5\%)
- Deposit volumes remained stable amid interest rate reduction and the liquidity position strengthened further (1Q 2014 net loan-to-deposit ratio: 86\%, -2 ppts q-o-q)

DSK Group reached HUF 11.3 billion after tax profit in 1Q 2014, the highest ever quarterly earnings. The strong result underpins a y-o-y $25 \%$ increase over the base period. Improving profitability was stemming partly from lower risk cost, but core revenues showed a favourable picture, too.
Operating income improved $q-0-q$ and $y-0-\mathrm{y}$ (+18\% and $7 \%$ respectively). As for the main components: net interest income advanced by $5 \%$ q-o-q (+6\% $y-0-y)$ due to lower interest expenses. Lower interest rates were introduced for retail term deposits; furthermore in October 2013 the bank prepaid a subordinated loan with original maturity date of 2016 to OTP Bank resulting in lower interest expenses. Taking advantage of its strong liquidity position DSK increased its fixed income portfolio $q-0-q$ and the interest revenues realized on this particular portfolio off-set the negative impact of a methodology change: starting from 1Q 2014 the interest income on the trading book is booked on the other income line (in 1Q it comprised around HUF 300 million). As a result, net interest margin in 1Q reached $5.75 \%$ underpinning a remarkable 30 bps increase q-o-q.

Net fees and commission grew across the board ( $+8 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ); all the deposit and credit card related fees, as well as transaction fees advanced. Other net non-interest income increased driven by the
above mentioned methodology change in relation to the reclassification of interest income realized on the trading book.

Operating expenses y-o-y grew moderately ( $+5 \%$, but only $1 \%$ in leva), but dropped by $11 \%$ q-o-q mainly due to lower administrative costs (marketing expenses, earning related taxes, advisory fees).

In line with the stabilization of portfolio quality (DPD90+ ratio was 20.3\%, +0.3 ppt q-o-q); risk costs dropped both $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$. The FX-adjusted formation of DPD90+ loan volumes after a spike experienced in the second quarter of 2013 relating mainly to corporate loans - showed moderation (quarterly change of DPD90+ loan volumes in HUF billion: 2Q 2013: 9.1, 3Q: 2.9, 4Q: 0.1, 1Q 2014: 1.9). In 1Q 2014 SME and retail exposures were written off. Despite lower risk costs DPD90+ provision coverage ratio improved by 0.4 ppt to $88.5 \%$ by end-March.
The loan demand remained weak, the book practically remained flat both $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$ (adjusted for FX-effect). Retail lending remained sluggish: the mortgage loan portfolio kept eroding on quarterly and yearly basis as well ( $-1 \%$, and $-3 \%$ ). The consumer loan portfolio remained stable q-o-q. From mid-2013 DSK launched a business development project targeting SME and corporate clients with the aim of improving efficiency and potentially market share both in lending and deposit collection. Accordingly, during the last three months new financial outlets were opened and the total number of branches increased by 5 units reaching 383.

The FX-adjusted deposit base - despite persistently lower interest rates versus market rates - increased by $2 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ and by $8 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$. In the retail segment which is the dominant part of deposit base the expansion continued further ( $+1 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q},+6 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ) and the bank maintained its market position.
The capital position of DSK Bank remained strong: by end-March the capital adequacy ratio stood at 20.4\%.

## OTP BANK RUSSIA

Performance of OTP Bank Russia:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | 7,731 | -8,906 | -4,747 | -47\% | -161\% |
| Income tax | -2,244 | 2,217 | 1,379 | -38\% | -161\% |
| Profit before income tax | 9,975 | -11,123 | -6,125 | -45\% | -161\% |
| Operating profit | 36,121 | 25,840 | 25,115 | -3\% | -30\% |
| Total income | 56,453 | 46,390 | 45,729 | -1\% | -19\% |
| Net interest income | 49,985 | 41,348 | 41,820 | 1\% | -16\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 5,721 | 4,598 | 5,572 | 21\% | -3\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 747 | 443 | -1,663 | -475\% | -323\% |
| Operating expenses | -20,332 | -20,550 | -20,614 | 0\% | 1\% |
| Total risk costs | -26,146 | -36,963 | -31,240 | -15\% | 19\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -26,258 | -36,822 | -31,116 | -15\% | 18\% |


| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other provision | 112 | -141 | -124 | -12\% | -211\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 1,109,618 | 940,320 | 791,968 | -16\% | -29\% |
| Gross customer loans | 911,029 | 833,223 | 801,331 | -4\% | -12\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 754,369 | 801,108 | 801,331 | 0\% | 6\% |
| Retail and SME loans | 724,019 | 760,903 | 760,436 | 0\% | 5\% |
| Corporate loans | 25,180 | 36,861 | 37,909 | 3\% | 51\% |
| Car financing loans | 5,170 | 3,343 | 2,986 | -11\% | -42\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -163,658 | -160,989 | -185,132 | 15\% | 13\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -134,690 | -154,355 | -185,132 | 20\% | 37\% |
| Deposits from customers | 616,214 | 554,645 | 484,204 | -13\% | -21\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 521,091 | 537,624 | 484,204 | -10\% | -7\% |
| Retail and SME deposits | 407,546 | 416,775 | 375,556 | -10\% | -8\% |
| Corporate deposits | 113,545 | 120,849 | 108,648 | -10\% | -4\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 112,074 | 56,343 | 44,311 | -21\% | -60\% |
| Issued securities | 115,967 | 101,969 | 44,256 | -57\% | -62\% |
| Subordinated debt | 17,397 | 15,728 | 16,104 | 2\% | -7\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 208,875 | 177,906 | 166,242 | -7\% | -20\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 170,741 | 150,982 | 171,801 | 13.8\% | 0.6\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 18.7\% | 18.1\% | 21.4\% | 3.3\%p | 2.7\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 12.14\% | 17.12\% | 15.44\% | -1.68\%p | 3.30\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 14.28\% | 18.14\% | 15.75\% | -2.39\%p | 1.47\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 95.9\% | 106.6\% | 107.8\% | 1.1\%p | 11.9\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 2.9\% | -3.6\% | -2.2\% | 1.4\%p | -5.2\%p |
| ROE | 15.6\% | -19.2\% | -11.2\% | -8.0\%p | -26.8\%p |
| Total income margin | 21.42\% | 18.93\% | 21.41\% | 2.48\%p | -0.01\%p |
| Net interest margin | 18.97\% | 16.88\% | 19.58\% | 2.70\%p | 0.61\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 36.0\% | 44.3\% | 45.1\% | 0.8\%p | 9.1\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 119\% | 120\% | 127\% | 7\%p | 8\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/RUB (closing) | 7.65 | 6.55 | 6.27 | -4\% | -18\% |
| HUF/RUB (average) | 7.38 | 6.72 | 6.41 | -5\% | -13\% |

- HUF 4.7 billion loss in $1 Q$ due to lower operating profit and still high risk cost
- Further portfolio deterioration, improving DPD90+ coverage (1Q 2013: 107.8\%)
- Stagnating loan portfolio q-o-q, lower deposits, increasing loan-to-deposit ratio
- Growing branch network and operating expenses, slightly higher cost/income ratio (45\%, +9 ppts y-o-y

The HUF denominated financial figures are affected by the significant RUB devaluation against HUF in the last 12 months and the strengthening of the devaluation in the last 3 months. Therefore local currency result dynamics can be significantly different from those in HUF terms.

After tax loss of OTP Bank Russia for 1Q 2014 amounted to HUF 4.7 billion which is well below the HUF 7.7 billion profit made in the base period. The 1Q loss is almost half of the HUF 8.9 billion loss generated in 4Q 2013, nevertheless, at that time one-off methodology changes pushed down the quarterly after-tax results by about HUF 13 billion.
On the yearly basis total income decreased by $19 \%$ (-7\% in RUB terms), with total income margin decreasing by 0.8 ppts in RUB terms. Although interest bearing assets increased $y-0-y$, the $4 \% y-0-y$
drop of net interest income (in RUB terms) was mainly caused by the larger volume of non-accrued interest of non-performing loans, as a result of the deteriorating portfolio quality and higher coverage ratios.
The lower net interest income was partly offset by the $12 \%$ growth of net fees and commissions income in RUB terms (which is -3\% in HUF), owing to the higher income related to insurance on consumer loans. Other net non-interest income was deep in red in 1Q 2014 (more than HUF 1.6 billion loss), compared to the profit achieved in the base period. The 1Q loss was mainly caused by loss on securities portfolio and FX-revaluation - related to the capital market volatility and RUB devaluation in the first quarter. Operating expenses in 1Q 2014 rose by $1 \%$ y-o-y ( $+17 \%$ in rouble), which is the combined effect of the $19 \%$ increase of personnel costs (in rouble) and the higher administrative costs and depreciation related to the expanded branch network (+56 branches $y-o-y$ ). Consequently, the cost-to-income ratio of the bank worsened by 9.1 ppts to $45.1 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$.
On the quarterly basis, the net income dynamics are biased by a HUF 4.8 billion negative one-off item emerged in 4Q 2013. This was booked within net interest income and it was related to the methodological changes in provisioning. Adjusted for this one-off item, the quarterly decrease of net
interest income would be 5\%. This decline is reasoned by seasonal effects and the lower volume of performing loans. Net interest margin was positively affected, however, by the lower interest on term deposits, while the interest rate on consumer loans was maintained on the same level as in the previous quarter. Net fee and commission income grew by $21 \%$ q-o-q (+27\% in rouble terms), due to the lower fee expenses paid to the POS distribution network. Taking into consideration the already detailed significant loss on the other net non-interest income line, adjusted total income decreased q-o-q by $6 \%$ in rouble terms. Operating expenses increased by 5\% q-o-q, with lower other costs and depreciation, but higher personnel expenses. The latter is mainly caused by basis effect, as a result of the degressive nature of employment taxes. In the course of 1Q 2014 two new branches were opened, thus the number of branches reached 202 by the end of the quarter. At the same time the number of employees decreased by 49 to 5,971 . The number of active points of sales decreased by $6 \%$ q-o-q, so the network consisted of about 30 thousand sales points.

The deterioration of the loan portfolio in 1Q 2014 outpaced the previous quarters (HUF 26 billion FX-adjusted increase in DPD90+ loan volumes) with unchanged volume of total loans, thus DPD90+ ratio topped $20 \%$ again (1Q: $21.4 \%,+3.3$ ppts q-o-q, +2.7 ppts $y-0-y$ ). The ratio deteriorated in all major product segments. Due to the higher basis in 4Q 2013 as a consequence of the changes in provisioning methodology, risk cost decreased by $15 \%$ q-o-q (adjusted for the one-offs: $+24 \%$ q-o-q, $+19 \%$ y-o-y). Despite the q-o-q lower risk cost made in 1Q (HUF 31 billion), the coverage of DPD90+ portfolio increased (1Q 2014: 107.8\%, +1.1 ppts q-o-q, +11.9 ppts y-o-y).

Consumer loans remained the main products of the bank, however, total volumes are influenced by the effects of internal and external measures that eventually resulted a portfolio shrinkage. In the
course of 2H 2013 the Bank's main targets were the improvement of the profitability of consumer loan products and improvement of the risk profile of these portfolios. The new measures introduced by the supervisory authorities were aimed at curbing market growth. Due to the seasonality of the POS business and the lower disbursement dynamics in 1Q, the FX-adjusted decrease of the bank's POS portfolio was $7 \%$ q-o-q. Despite the melt-down of the market the bank could keep its number two position on the market ranking, with almost the same market share as in 4Q 2013. With regards to credit card business, the portfolio grew further (+4\% q-o-q, $+17 \%$ y-o-y - the yearly growth reached 29\% adjusted for sale and write-off of loans); the credit card portfolio is now bigger than the POS loan portfolio. The bank is the seventh largest player in this segment similar to the previous quarter, with 3.6\% market share. Cash loan disbursements outpaced the market growth in 1Q; the adjusted portfolio growth was 7\% q-o-q and 46\% compared to 1Q 2013.

SME Ioan portfolio showed positive quarterly growth for the first time in years (+8\%). The corporate loan portfolio grew as it did almost in every quarter last year ( $+3 \%$ q-o-q, $+51 \%$ y-o-y). Among the corporate banking products the Russian bank rather focuses on trade finance, bank guarantee, treasury products and documentary businesses.
Total deposits decreased on an FX-adjusted basis (-10\% q-o-q, and $-7 \%$ y-o-y). On the quarterly comparison retail deposits and corporate deposits showed similar decline. By the end of 1Q 2014 FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio increased to 127\% (+8 ppts y-o-y, +7 ppts q-o-q). In 1Q 2014 the Russian bank repaid rouble bonds in the amount of 8.2 billion (HUF 51.4 billion), which have not been renewed - so more than half of the issued securities was repaid. The shrinkage of loans from credit institutions continued in 1Q 2014 (-21\% q-o-q).

The capital adequacy ratio of the Russian bank stood at $12.7 \%$ at the end of 1 Q 2014.

## OTP BANK UKRAINE

Performance of OTP Bank Ukraine:

| Main components of P\&L Account <br> in HUF mn | 1 Q 2013 | 4 Q 2013 | 1 Q 2014 | Q-0-Q |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |$\quad$ Y-0-Y


| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total assets | 698,705 | 617,730 | 538,383 | -13\% | -23\% |
| Gross customer loans | 717,579 | 666,425 | 612,851 | -8\% | -15\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 626,824 | 624,048 | 612,851 | -2\% | -2\% |
| Retail loans | 285,208 | 295,846 | 296,441 | 0\% | 4\% |
| Corporate loans | 308,032 | 291,788 | 282,370 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Car financing loans | 33,584 | 36,414 | 34,040 | -7\% | 1\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -211,040 | -183,559 | -198,711 | 8\% | -6\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -190,322 | -179,890 | -198,711 | 10\% | 4\% |
| Deposits from customers | 261,718 | 240,843 | 196,721 | -18\% | -25\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 217,971 | 213,390 | 196,721 | -8\% | -10\% |
| Retail and SME deposits | 152,735 | 142,322 | 129,416 | -9\% | -15\% |
| Corporate deposits | 65,236 | 71,067 | 67,305 | -5\% | 3\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 237,318 | 208,352 | 205,611 | -1\% | -13\% |
| Subordinated debt | 45,972 | 41,071 | 42,993 | 5\% | -6\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 120,060 | 113,236 | 68,432 | -40\% | -43\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 267,861 | 230,744 | 231,053 | 0\% | -14\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 37.3\% | 34.6\% | 37.7\% | 3.1\%p | 0.4\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 3.23\% | 4.51\% | 13.33\% | 8.82\%p | 10.10\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 3.57\% | 4.87\% | 13.78\% | 8.91\%p | 10.22\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 78.8\% | 79.6\% | 86.0\% | 6.5\%p | 7.2\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 1.0\% | 1.14\% | -5.2\% | -6.4\%p | -6.2\%p |
| ROE | 5.6\% | 6.21\% | -33.3\% | -39.5\%p | -38.9\%p |
| Total income margin | 9.94\% | 13.02\% | 12.86\% | -0.16\%p | 2.92\%p |
| Net interest margin | 7.81\% | 8.99\% | 10.82\% | 1.83\%p | 3.01\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 43.8\% | 42.3\% | 37.8\% | -4.6\%p | -6.0\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 200\% | 208\% | 211\% | 2\%p | 10\%p |
| FX rates | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| HUF/UAH (closing) | 29.17 | 26.17 | 19.86 | -24\% | -32\% |
| HUF/UAH (average) | 27.66 | 26.61 | 24.83 | -7\% | -10\% |

- HUF 7.5 billion net loss in 1Q mainly as a result of higher risk costs mainly induced by the depreciation of the hryvnia and lower credit rating of Ukraine
- FX-adjusted operating expenses dropped by $20 \%$ q-o-q, the cost-to-income ratio improved by 4.6 ppts (37.8\%)
- The quarterly growth of net interest income was boosted by higher lending rates and higher FX-adjusted loan volumes (in UAH terms)
- The loan portfolio deteriorated (DPD90+ ratio grew by 3.1 ppts $q-0-q$ to $37.7 \%$ ), typically consumer exposures became non-performing

The financial performance indicators of OTP Bank Ukraine in HUF were significantly distorted by the HUF/UAH exchange rate moves: in 1Q 2014 the closing rate showed a $24 \%$ appreciation of HUF, whereas the average rate strengthened by 7\% $q-o-q$. Thus the balance sheet and P\&L components show different dynamics in HUF versus hryvnia.
OTP Bank Ukraine posted HUF 7.5 billion net loss in 1Q 2014. The key reason was the significant depreciation of hryvnia against the US dollar, since it required higher provision coverage on FX-loans. At the same time the new DPD90+ formation grew moderately $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$.
As for the main components of net earnings: net interest income kept further expanding ( $+9 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ).

It was helped by $q-0-q$ higher $F X$-adjusted disbursement of cash loans (in UAH terms) and higher margins on POS and credit card loans. Also, in the corporate segment FX-adjusted volumes (in UAH terms) increased by $3 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ and the bank managed to charge higher interest rates. As a result, the net interest margin (10.82\%) improved by 183 bps $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$. Of course, the nominal increase is somewhat distorted since HUF/UAH exchange rates reflected different dynamics applying closing or average rates (for balance sheet items or P\&L components).
The drop of net fee and commission income ( $-31 \%$ $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ) was related to the insurance fee income on consumer loans sold with payment protection policies (PPP), since in 1Q 2014 the disbursement of loans with PPP declined. Furthermore, the q-o-q decline reflects a base effect, too. Starting from 4Q 2013 there was a change in accounting methodology of those insurance fees. Against the previous practice of booking those fees by 1 month after the de facto disbursement of the loan, the bank started to recognize the fee income in the same month of disbursement. As a result, in 4Q the bank practically booked 4 months inflow of such fees. Apart from this item, alongside the deposit outflow and the drop of volumes, deposit related fees decreased, too. Such negative developments were only partially off-set by stronger POS-loans related fee income and higher fees stemming from the pickup in credit card related transactions.

FX-adjusted operating expenses dropped by 20\% q-o-q as a result of lower other expenses (smaller marketing costs and weaker collection-related legal advisory fees). Under the current situation the POS distribution network expansion moderated (the number of own and contracted selling agents stood at 3.680 by the end of March). Furthermore, out of the 140 existing branches 8 were closed down in the Crimea (in May) and another 2 branches temporary suspended their operation in Eastern Ukraine.

The current political and economic crisis, as well as the hryvnia depreciation took their toll in lending activity. At the end of March the gross loan portfolio comprised HUF 613 billion, the $2 \%$ q-o-q FXadjusted decline is the reflection of the current instability. The focus on consumer loans further strengthened within retail loan portfolio which makes up approx. $50 \%$ of the total loan portfolio. The consumer book advanced by $8 \%$ q-o-q mainly on the back of strong cash loan and credit card loan disbursements ( $+16 \%$ and $12 \%$ respectively). The current crisis will obviously negatively impact the lending activity and the bank itself also introduced stricter underwriting rules in 1Q.

The portfolio deterioration remained fairly moderate in 1Q despite the decrease of FX-adjusted volumes. Judging by the new DPD90+ formation the portfolio worsening was moderate (in HUF billion 1Q 2013: 4.0, 2Q: 17.8, 3Q: 0, 4Q: 2.3, 1Q 2014: 2.6). The DPD90+ ratio increased from $34.6 \%$ to $37.7 \%$. The quarterly increase of DPD90+ volumes was decreased by mortgage and corporate loan sales and write-offs. As risk costs increased substantially q-o-q, the DPD90+ coverage improved further (1Q 2014: 86.0\%, +6.5 ppts q-o-q).

Deposits are the key source of funding for hryvniabased consumer lending. In 1Q 2014 deposits suffered an $8 \% q-0-q$ set-back. As for the retail segment, despite higher deposit rates the withdrawal mainly hit the FX-deposits, while the decline of UAH denominated deposits reversed in March. As a result, the FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio increased and reached $211 \%$ by the end of $1 Q$.

The capital adequacy of the Ukrainian subsidiary stood at $15.5 \%$ in 1 Q. On one hand, shareholders' equity in HUF dropped as a result of exchange rate movements and also the quarterly loss had a negative impact, too.

## OTP BANK ROMANIA

Performance of OTP Bank Romania:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | -731 | -2,454 | 1,022 | -142\% | -240\% |
| Income tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100\% | -100\% |
| Profit before income tax | -731 | -2,454 | 1,022 | -142\% | -240\% |
| Operating profit | 1,205 | 2,031 | 2,501 | 23\% | 108\% |
| Total income | 4,503 | 5,488 | 5,709 | 4\% | 27\% |
| Net interest income | 4,345 | 3,338 | 4,748 | 42\% | 9\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 450 | 797 | 595 | -25\% | 32\% |
| Other net non-interest income | -291 | 1,352 | 365 | -73\% | -225\% |
| Operating expenses | -3,299 | -3,456 | -3,208 | -7\% | -3\% |
| Total risk costs | -1,935 | -4,486 | -1,479 | -67\% | -24\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -1,925 | -4,423 | -1,456 | -67\% | -24\% |
| Other provision | -10 | -63 | -23 | -64\% | 126\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 502,188 | 449,789 | 447,671 | 0\% | -11\% |
| Gross customer loans | 409,111 | 407,380 | 419,585 | 3\% | 3\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 411,674 | 422,662 | 419,585 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Retail loans | 319,545 | 326,481 | 324,545 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Corporate loans | 92,128 | 96,181 | 95,040 | -1\% | 3\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -49,572 | -55,094 | -58,373 | 6\% | 18\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -49,830 | -57,172 | -58,373 | 2\% | 17\% |
| Deposits from customers | 191,886 | 200,514 | 180,479 | -10\% | -6\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 191,910 | 207,828 | 180,479 | -13\% | -6\% |
| Retail deposits | 154,503 | 148,605 | 157,253 | 6\% | 2\% |
| Corporate deposits | 37,407 | 59,224 | 23,226 | -61\% | -38\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 243,306 | 206,315 | 224,319 | 9\% | -8\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 33,778 | 29,100 | 31,029 | 7\% | -8\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 70,220 | 72,595 | 76,628 | 6\% | 9\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 17.2\% | 17.8\% | 18.3\% | 0.4\%p | 1.1\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 1.95\% | 4.33\% | 1.43\% | -2.9\%p | -0.5\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX-adjusted) (\%) | 1.90\% | 4.19\% | 1.40\% | -2.8\%p | -0.5\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 70.6\% | 75.9\% | 76.2\% | 0.3\%p | 5.6\%p |


| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROA | -0.6\% | -2.2\% | 0.9\% | 3.1\%p | 1.5\%p |
| ROE | -8.9\% | -32.0\% | 13.8\% | 45.7\%p | 22.7\%p |
| Total income margin | 3.79\% | 4.82\% | 5.16\% | 0.3\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.66\% | 2.93\% | 4.29\% | 1.4\%p | 0.6\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 73.2\% | 63.0\% | 56.2\% | -6.8\%p | -17.1\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 189\% | 176\% | 200\% | 24.3\%p | 11.6\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/RON (closing) | 68.9 | 66.3 | 68.9 | 4\% | 0\% |
| HUF/RON (average) | 67.6 | 66.9 | 68.4 | 2\% | 1\% |

- HUF 1 billion profit in 1Q is the highest quarterly result since 2Q 2011
- Total income increased both q-o-q and $y-0-y$ with operating expenses declining, the operating income improved remarkably
- Lending activity continued to be focused on cash loans, their volumes advanced by 81\% y-o-y
- Retail deposit remained flat in 1Q, but corporate deposit shrank a lot

OTP Bank Romania realized HUF 1 billion profit in 1Q 2014. Such good performance was supported by higher total income, while costs remained under control and risk costs declined.

The annual operating result almost doubled y-o-y and grew by $23 \%$ q-o-q. Within revenues, the improvement of net interest income reflects the Bank's strategic focus on high APR consumer loans, their share in the total loan portfolio is steadily growing. Also, the Bank made steps to curb interest expenses.
The 32\% growth of annual net fee and commission income was mainly due to the strengthening business activity. The quarterly decline is reasoned by a base effect and seasonality. The other net non-interest income was primarily driven by the volatile FX result.
The operating expenses were under control, the declining costs reflect lower marketing expenses,
though seasonality also played a role in the quarterly decline.
Risk cost declined significantly both $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$ In 1Q the pace of DPD90+ loan formation (adjusted for FX rate changes, sold or written off volumes) remained relatively modest, similar to 2 H 2013; also in 4 Q a few corporate loans induced higher risk costs. The mortgage portfolio performed favourably, but the corporate book is still deteriorating. The DPD90+ ratio went up by 0.4 ppt to $18.3 \%$, the coverage ratio climbed to $76.2 \%$ ( +0.3 ppts $q-0-q$ ) after a material improvement in 4Q.
Gross loans declined by $1 \%$ q-o-q, but grew by $6 \%$ y-o-y adjusted for the FX-effect. Cash loans remained in the focus of sales efforts and volumes expanded by $3 \% ~ q-0-q$ and by $81 \%$ y-o-y. Mortgage loan volumes kept on eroding gradually ( $-4 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$, $-1 \% ~ q-o-q)$. In 1Q corporate loans recorded a volume growth of 4\% compared to the base period.
Deposits dropped by $13 \% ~ q-0-q$ and by $6 \% y-0-y$. Household deposits have been stagnating since second half of 2013 (but grew by $4 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ), however the SME deposits grew q-o-q significantly. Corporate deposits registered a massive decline (-61\%) due to a single large deposit withdrawal. As a result, the bank's net loan-to-deposit grew from a multi-year low by 24 ppts q-o-q to 200\%.
The Bank's capital adequacy ratio improved from 12.7\% to 13.5\% q-o-q.

## OTP BANKA HRVATSKA (CROATIA)

Performance of OTP banka Hrvatska:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | 507 | 197 | 297 | 50\% | -41\% |
| Income tax | -159 | -32 | -87 | 177\% | -45\% |
| Profit before income tax | 666 | 229 | 384 | 68\% | -42\% |
| Operating profit | 1,537 | 2,147 | 1,597 | -26\% | 4\% |
| Total income | 5,221 | 5,855 | 5,475 | -6\% | 5\% |
| Net interest income | 3,905 | 4,133 | 3,970 | -4\% | 2\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 1,081 | 1,232 | 1,108 | -10\% | 2\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 235 | 491 | 397 | -19\% | 69\% |
| Operating expenses | -3,684 | -3,709 | -3,878 | 5\% | 5\% |
| Total risk costs | -871 | -1,918 | -1,213 | -37\% | 39\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -803 | -2,103 | -1,094 | -48\% | 36\% |
| Other provision | -69 | 185 | -119 | -164\% | 74\% |


| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total assets | 546,208 | 538,112 | 552,379 | 3\% | 1\% |
| Gross customer loans | 377,857 | 379,177 | 393,742 | 4\% | 4\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 380,349 | 391,962 | 393,742 | 0\% | 4\% |
| Retail loans | 239,755 | 240,731 | 242,519 | 1\% | 1\% |
| Corporate loans | 139,877 | 150,822 | 150,876 | 0\% | 8\% |
| Car financing loans | 717 | 409 | 346 | -15\% | -52\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -25,516 | -29,213 | -31,254 | 7\% | 22\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -25,619 | -30,164 | -31,254 | 4\% | 22\% |
| Deposits from customers | 424,543 | 421,276 | 430,969 | 2\% | 2\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 424,586 | 435,463 | 430,969 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Retail deposits | 378,698 | 388,269 | 386,314 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Corporate deposits | 45,889 | 47,193 | 44,655 | -5\% | -3\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 42,857 | 40,944 | 43,150 | 5\% | 1\% |
| Subordinated debt | 1,554 | 1,521 | 1,573 | 3\% | 1\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 62,511 | 62,880 | 65,095 | 4\% | 4\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 41,338 | 47,493 | 49,788 | 4.8\% | 20.4\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 10.9\% | 12.5\% | 12.6\% | 0.1\%p | 1.7\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans | 0.89\% | 2.21\% | 1.15\% | -1.06\%p | 0.26\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans | 0.87\% | 2.14\% | 1.13\% | -1.01\%p | 0.26\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 61.7\% | 61.5\% | 62.8\% | 1.3\%p | 1.1\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 0.4\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\%p | -0.2\%p |
| ROE | 3.4\% | 1.2\% | 1.9\% | 0.6\%p | -1.5\%p |
| Total income margin | 3.97\% | 4.26\% | 4.07\% | -0.18\%p | 0.10\%p |
| Net interest margin | 2.97\% | 3.00\% | 2.95\% | -0.05\%p | -0.02\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 70.6\% | 63.3\% | 70.8\% | 7.5\%p | 0.3\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 84\% | 83\% | 84\% | 1\%p | 1\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/HRK (closing) | 40.05 | 38.94 | 40.17 | 3\% | 0\% |
| HUF/HRK (average) | 39.09 | 39.01 | 40.25 | 3\% | 3\% |

- Nearly HUF 300 million after tax profit in 1Q (+50\% q-o-q), moderating risk costs
- Stable net interest margin
- FX-adjusted gross loans advanced by 4\% $y-o-y$ due to strong corporate lending
- DPD90+ ratio increased to $12.6 \%$, while the coverage improved

OTP banka Hrvatska posted HUF 297 million after tax profit in 1Q 2014 against HUF 507 million in the base period. The lower profit stems from y-o-y 39\% higher risk cost, the operating profit improved. On quarterly basis the after tax profit expanded by $50 \%$ mainly due to moderating risk costs ( $-37 \%$ q-o-q).
In 1Q net interest income went up by $2 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$, while net interest margin was stably around $3 \%$; the Bank could efficiently follow the changes in reference rates in loan and deposit pricing.
Net fee and commission revenues improved by $2 \%$ $y-0-y$, while in quarterly comparison seasonality caused weaker performance. Non-interest income increased by $69 \%$ y-o-y, due to FX results.
Elevated personnel expenses induced the $y-0-y$ surge of the operating costs.

The DPD90+ ratio indicates a $y-0-y 1.7$ ppts increase (12.6\%), while stagnated q-o-q. The risk costs jumped by $39 \%$ y-o-y, whereas provisions declined by $37 \%$ q-o-q. This volatility linked to the provisioning for ongoing litigations on CHF mortgage loans (4Q 2013: HUF 1 billion, 1Q 2014: HUF 0.2 billion). As a result the coverage ratio of DPD90+ loans improved by 1.3 ppts q-o-q.
The gross loan portfolio advanced by $4 \%$ y-0-y and stagnated q-o-q FX-adjusted. The yearly increase was mainly stemming from the municipal segment (+63\% y-o-y). Retail loans grew by $1 \%$ due to sluggish demand.
The FX-adjusted deposit book diminished by $1 \%$ $q-0-q$, but rose by $2 \%$ y-o-y due to improving retail volumes. The net loan-to-deposit ratio didn't change materially y-o-y and q-o-q.
In 1Q the Bank signed a purchase agreement with the Croatian Banco Popolare d.d. on acquiring a $98.37 \%$ stake in the bank, the transaction was completed on 24 April after the balance sheet closing date.
The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank didn't change notably $q-0-q$, the ratio reached $16.7 \%$ at the end of March.

## OTP BANKA SLOVENSKO (SLOVAKIA)

Performance of OTP Banka Slovensko*:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and oneoffs | 710 | 183 | 388 | 112\% | -45\% |
| Income tax | -83 | -101 | -132 | 31\% | 60\% |
| Profit before income tax | 793 | 283 | 519 | 83\% | -34\% |
| Operating profit | 828 | 1,354 | 1,395 | 3\% | 68\% |
| Total income | 3,479 | 4,214 | 4,084 | -3\% | 17\% |
| Net interest income | 2,906 | 3,226 | 3,420 | 6\% | 18\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 759 | 773 | 698 | -10\% | -8\% |
| Other net non-interest income | -186 | 214 | -34 | -116\% | -82\% |
| Operating expenses | -2,651 | -2,859 | -2,690 | -6\% | 1\% |
| Total risk costs | -35 | -1,071 | -875 | -18\% |  |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -61 | -1,030 | -880 | -15\% |  |
| Other provision | 26 | -41 | 5 | -111\% | -83\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 410,160 | 425,219 | 445,311 | 5\% | 9\% |
| Gross customer loans | 306,199 | 339,602 | 355,704 | 5\% | 16\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 308,918 | 351,208 | 355,704 | 1\% | 15\% |
| Retail loans | 235,402 | 274,765 | 281,086 | 2\% | 19\% |
| Corporate loans | 72,995 | 76,010 | 74,230 | -2\% | 2\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -21,804 | -22,670 | -24,235 | 7\% | 11\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -22,001 | -23,445 | -24,235 | 3\% | 10\% |
| Deposits from customers | 316,604 | 332,452 | 336,464 | 1\% | 6\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 319,219 | 343,738 | 336,464 | -2\% | 5\% |
| Retail deposits | 291,279 | 319,097 | 319,017 | 0\% | 10\% |
| Corporate deposits | 27,939 | 24,641 | 17,447 | -29\% | -38\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 11,076 | 25,821 | 41,550 | 61\% | 275\% |
| Issued securities | 36,279 | 24,881 | 21,244 | -15\% | -41\% |
| Subordinated debt | 8,841 | 8,627 | 8,922 | 3\% | 1\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 28,119 | 27,028 | 29,557 | 9\% | 5\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 36,535 | 39,044 | 39,800 | 1.9\% | 8.9\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 11.9\% | 11.5\% | 11.2\% | -0.3\%p | -0.7\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 0.08\% | 1.23\% | 1.03\% | -0.20\%p | 0.94\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 0.08\% | 1.19\% | 1.01\% | -0.18\%p | 0.93\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 59.7\% | 58.1\% | 60.9\% | 2.8\%p | 1.2\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 0.7\% | 0.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.2\%p | -0.4\%p |
| ROE | 10.5\% | 2.7\% | 5.6\% | 2.9\%p | -4.9\%p |
| Total income margin | 3.60\% | 4.03\% | 3.81\% | -0.22\%p | 0.21\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.01\% | 3.09\% | 3.19\% | 0.10\%p | 0.18\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 76.2\% | 67.9\% | 65.9\% | -2.0\%p | -10.3\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 90\% | 95\% | 99\% | 3\%p | 9\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/EUR (closing) | 304 | 297 | 307 | 3\% | 1\% |
| HUF/EUR (average) | 297 | 298 | 308 | 3\% | 4\% |

* P\&L account lines and indicators are adjusted for banking tax and Deposit Protection Fund contributions
- HUF 388 million adjusted after tax profit in 1Q 2014, with lower 1Q risk cost
- Improving cost efficiency: 1Q 2014 cost-to-income at 66\%, -10 ppts y-o-y
- Further strengthening mortgage lending, cash loans surged by 180\% y-0-y
- FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio was 99\% in 1Q 2014 (+9 ppts y-o-y), with growing retail deposit base on the yearly basis

In 1Q 2014 OTP Banka Slovensko posted HUF 388 million after tax profit without the banking tax
and the reintroduced Deposit Protection Fund (DPF) contribution in 2014. The special banking tax and DPF contribution paid by the bank topped half a billion in HUF terms (before tax), which is treated as an adjustment in the consolidated results in this Summary.

In 1Q 2014 operating profit grew by $68 \%$ y-o-y, owing to the increasing total income and stringent cost control. Total income grew by $17 \%$ y-o-y supported by the higher average assets and the y-o-y 21 bps improvement of total income margin. Due to the outstanding retail loan disbursement dynamics net interest income increased by 18\%, while net fee and commission income decreased by

8\% on the yearly basis. The latter is partly reasoned by some loans related charges having been officially banned since the second half of 2013. Due to the stringent cost control operating expenses decreased in local currency term. As a result of those developments the cost-to-income ratio improved by 10.3 ppts $y-0-y$ to $65.9 \%$.

Profit before tax advanced by 83\% q-o-q in 1Q 2014, which is the combined effect of the $3 \%$ drop of total income, $6 \%$ decrease of operating expenses and $18 \%$ lower risk cost. Interest income improved significantly due to the growing share of high margin cash loans, while interest expenses lowered owing to the moderating deposit interest rates. Net interest margin improved by 10 bps $q-0-q$ to $3.19 \%$, net interest income grew by 6\% compared to 4Q 2013. Net fee and commission income decreased by 10\% q-o-q, due to the seasonally lower loan disbursements, but also to decreasing corporate and municipal deposit. On the whole total income decreased by 3\% q-o-q (adjusted to calendar effect and one-offs it remained unchanged in EUR terms).

DPD90+ portfolio decreased in 1Q 2014 in EUR terms, mainly due to portfolio quality improvements
in the SME segment. DPD90+ ratio improved by 0.3 ppts $q-0-q$ and by 0.7 ppts $y-0-y$, supported by the dynamic growth of loan portfolio. Risk cost in 1Q 2014 dropped by $18 \%$ q-o-q, the provision coverage of DPD90+ loans improved by 2.8 ppts to $60.9 \%$ in 1Q 2014.

FX-adjusted total loans expanded significantly, by $15 \%$ on the yearly basis, mainly owing to the dynamic growth of consumer loans (+158\%) and retail mortgage loans (+16\%). After the extremely strong 4Q 2013 disbursements in 1Q 2014 was seasonally weaker, nevertheless, consumer loans expanded by $8 \%$ and mortgage loans by 1\% q-0-q. Corporate and municipal loan segments suffered minor decrease (-2\% q-o-q).

FX-adjusted deposits grew by 5\% on the yearly basis, and decreased by $2 \%$ q-o-q. The majority of the annual growth was provided by the retail and SME segments ( $+10 \%$ y-o-y), while on the quarterly basis these portfolios remained unchanged. The corporate and municipal deposits dropped significantly in 1Q 2014 (-38\% y-o-y, -29\% q-o-q). FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio grew to $99 \%$ by the end of 1Q (+3 ppts q-o-q).

## OTP BANKA SRBIJA (SERBIA)

Performance of OTP banka Srbija:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | -834 | -10,766 | 136 | -101\% | -116\% |
| Income tax | 0 | -11 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Profit before income tax | -834 | -10,755 | 136 | -101\% | -116\% |
| Operating profit | 10 | 57 | 337 | 488\% |  |
| Total income | 1,824 | 1,767 | 2,176 | 23\% | 19\% |
| Net interest income | 1,142 | 1,244 | 1,248 | 0\% | 9\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 385 | 445 | 433 | -3\% | 12\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 297 | 78 | 494 | 537\% | 66\% |
| Operating expenses | -1,814 | -1,709 | -1,839 | 8\% | 1\% |
| Total risk costs | -844 | -10,812 | -201 | -98\% | -76\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -771 | -10,324 | -212 | -98\% | -72\% |
| Other provision | -73 | -488 | 11 | -102\% | -115\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 116,520 | 86,136 | 91,153 | 6\% | -22\% |
| Gross customer loans | 94,601 | 91,648 | 93,855 | 2\% | -1\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 93,809 | 94,481 | 93,855 | -1\% | 0\% |
| Retail loans | 40,461 | 44,326 | 44,820 | 1\% | 11\% |
| Corporate loans | 53,347 | 50,155 | 49,036 | -2\% | -8\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -28,400 | -36,989 | -37,948 | 3\% | 34\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -28,011 | -38,091 | -37,948 | 0\% | 35\% |
| Deposits from customers | 41,636 | 43,614 | 46,014 | 6\% | 11\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 41,527 | 45,005 | 46,014 | 2\% | 11\% |
| Retail deposits | 31,624 | 37,735 | 38,392 | 2\% | 21\% |
| Corporate deposits | 9,903 | 7,270 | 7,621 | 5\% | -23\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 5,813 | 6,984 | 8,012 | 15\% | 38\% |
| Subordinated debt | 27,091 | 8,349 | 2,481 | -70\% | -91\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 38,340 | 24,050 | 30,986 | 29\% | -19\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 48,436 | 44,793 | 49,100 | 10\% | 1\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 51.2\% | 48.9\% | 52.3\% | 3.4\%p | 1.1\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 3.39\% | 44.83\% | 0.93\% | -43.90\%p | -2.46\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX-adjusted) (\%) | 3.33\% | 43.59\% | 0.91\% | -42.67\%p | -2.41\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 58.6\% | 82.6\% | 77.3\% | -5.3\%p | 18.7\%p |


| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROA | -2.8\% | -44.5\% | 0.6\% | 45.1\%p | 3.4\%p |
| ROE | -10.7\% | -144.9\% | 2.0\% | 146.9\%p | 12.7\%p |
| Total income margin | 6.18\% | 7.31\% | 9.95\% | 2.65\%p | 3.78\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.87\% | 5.14\% | 5.71\% | 0.57\%p | 1.85\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 99.5\% | 96.8\% | 84.5\% | -12.2\%p | -14.9\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 158\% | 125\% | 122\% | -4\%p | -37\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/RSD (closing) | 2.73 | 2.59 | 2.66 | 3\% | -3\% |
| HUF/RSD (average) | 2.66 | 2.60 | 2.66 | 2\% | 0\% |

- In 1Q after tax profit turned into positive territory for the first time after 1Q 2009, supported mainly by lower risk costs
- DPD90+ ratio deteriorated, as a result of base effect the provisions remained low in $1 Q$
- Gross loans stagnated, consumer loans surged by $26 \%$ y-o-y; the deposit book expanded by $11 \%$ y-o-y

OTP banka Srbija posted HUF 136 million profit after tax in 1Q 2014 against the negative result of HUF 834 million in the base period. The 1Q positive result is underpinned by lower risk costs compared to former quarters.
The operating profit remained positive. In $1 Q$ the total revenues expanded by $23 \%$ q-o-q, fuelled by jumping non-interest income. The net interest income grew by $9 \%$ y-o-y. The net fee and commission income improved by $12 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$.

The jump in other net non-interest revenues can be explained by higher suspended interest collection compared to previous quarters.

The operating expenses were stable $y-0-y$, the $q-o-q$ increase mainly stems from severance pay related to headcount cutback.

The DPD90+ ratio reached 52.3\% (+3.4 ppts $q-0-q$ ), mostly large corporate loans deteriorated. After the hike of risk costs in 4 Q , the provisions materially diminished in 1Q. The coverage ratio of DPD90+ loans changed to $77.3 \%$ (+18.7 ppts y-o-y, -5.3 ppts q-o-q).

Gross loans stagnated both $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$ (FX-adjusted). In the retail segment the Bank focused its lending activity on consumer loans which grew by $26 \%$ y-o-y and $3 \%$ q-o-q (FX-adjusted) due to the success of cash loan products. Loans in other segments stagnated or eroded marginally q-o-q.

FX-adjusted deposits increased by 11\% y-0-y, mainly due to retail deposit collection. The net loan-to-deposit ratio declined to $122 \%$. The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank stood at $38 \%$ in 1 Q .

## CRNOGORSKA KOMERCIJALNA BANKA (MONTENEGRO)

Performance of CKB:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends and net cash transfer | 101 | -117 | 595 | -610\% | 490\% |
| Corporate income tax | 0 | 0 | 11 |  |  |
| Pre-tax profit | 101 | -117 | 584 | -601\% | 480\% |
| Operating profit | 634 | 650 | 919 | 41\% | 45\% |
| Total income | 2,342 | 2,490 | 2,738 | 10\% | 17\% |
| Net interest income | 1,802 | 1,892 | 2,090 | 10\% | 16\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 459 | 636 | 607 | -5\% | 32\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 81 | -39 | 41 | -207\% | -49\% |
| Operating expenses | -1,709 | -1,840 | -1,818 | -1\% | 6\% |
| Total risk costs | -533 | -767 | -335 | -56\% | -37\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -531 | -861 | -355 | -59\% | -33\% |
| Other provision | -2 | 94 | 20 | -79\% | -963\% |


| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total assets | 214,744 | 196,209 | 196,760 | 0\% | -8\% |
| Gross customer loans | 156,959 | 164,124 | 168,809 | 3\% | 8\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 158,382 | 169,734 | 168,809 | -1\% | 7\% |
| Retail loans | 69,504 | 71,839 | 71,626 | 0\% | 3\% |
| Corporate loans | 88,879 | 97,896 | 97,183 | -1\% | 9\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -48,862 | -49,836 | -51,410 | 3\% | 5\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -49,305 | -51,539 | -51,410 | 0\% | 4\% |
| Deposits from customers | 162,864 | 145,882 | 146,056 | 0\% | -10\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 163,946 | 150,879 | 146,056 | -3\% | -11\% |
| Retail deposits | 128,135 | 123,466 | 117,657 | -5\% | -8\% |
| Corporate deposits | 35,811 | 27,413 | 28,400 | 4\% | -21\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 22,317 | 18,013 | 17,437 | -3\% | -22\% |
| Subordinated debt | 2,132 | 4,173 | 4,315 | 3\% | 102\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 17,913 | 21,151 | 22,468 | 6\% | 25\% |
| Loan Quality | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 64,267 | 61,339 | 62,991 | 2.7\% | -2.0\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 40.9\% | 37.4\% | 37.3\% | -0.1\%p | -3.6\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 1.41\% | 2.06\% | 0.87\% | -1.19\%p | -0.55\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 1.37\% | 1.99\% | 0.85\% | -1.14\%p | -0.52\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 76.0\% | 81.2\% | 81.6\% | 0.4\%p | 5.6\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 0.2\% | -0.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.5\%p | 1.0\%p |
| ROE | 2.3\% | -2.2\% | 11.1\% | 13.2\%p | 8.7\%p |
| Total income margin | 4.49\% | 4.91\% | 5.65\% | 0.74\%p | 1.16\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.45\% | 3.73\% | 4.31\% | 0.58\%p | 0.86\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 73.0\% | 73.9\% | 66.4\% | -7.5\%p | -6.5\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 67\% | 78\% | 80\% | 2\%p | 14\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/EUR (closing) | 304.3 | 296.9 | 307.1 | 3\% | 1\% |
| HUF/EUR (average) | 296.5 | 297.8 | 307.9 | 3\% | 4\% |

- HUF 595 million after-tax profit in 1Q 2014, with improving operating results and lower risk cost
- Gross loans grew by $7 \%$ y-o-y, reasoned by higher consumer loan demand and one-offs
- Customer deposits shrank by $11 \%$ y-0-y in line with management objectives, net loan-to-deposit ratio increased by 14 ppts to $80 \%$ $y-0-y$

The Montenegrin CKB Bank posted HUF 595 million after tax profit in 1Q 2014. This improvement to a large extent was driven by improving operating profit ( $+45 \%$ ) and the decline in risk cost ( $-37 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ ).
Operating profit for 1Q 2014 increased by 45\% $y-o-y$, which is the result of advancing incomes $(+17 \%)$ and $6 \%$ higher operating expenses. Regarding the income side net interest income increased by $16 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$, since the bank managed to pay lower interest on customer deposits in the course of the cutback of excess liquidity, so net interest margin improved by 86 basis points $y-0-y$. On the quarterly basis net interest income advanced by $10 \%$, mainly due to a partly recovered loan. Net fees and commissions income grew by $32 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$, but somewhat decreased $q-0-q$ due to seasonal effects.
With regards to operating expenses, the $6 \%$ yearly growth was driven mainly by the $10 \%$ growth of
personnel costs (+6\% in EUR terms). In 1Q 2014 operating expenses decreased by $1 \%$ q-o-q, mainly due to the seasonally lower material costs. On the whole cost-to-income ratio of CKB improved to $66.4 \%$ in 1 Q ( +7.5 ppts $q-0-q$ and +6.5 ppts $y-0-y$ ).
The total loan book advanced by $7 \%$ y-0-y (FX-adjusted), reflecting partly the stronger consumer loan demand and a one-off loan book growth in 3 Q 2013. On the quarterly basis however, there was a slight decrease in total loans ( $-1 \%$ ), the retail segment was stable, but municipal loans dropped by $10 \%$ q-o-q due to a partial repayment of a state related debt. Throughout the whole year cash loan sales were spectacular with $30 \%$ y-o-y volume increase ( $q-0-q+3 \%$ ). The mortgage loan book kept shrinking ( $-9 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ and $-4 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ).
The FX-adjusted DPD90+ loan volumes decreased in the last three quarters, so the DPD90+ ratio decreased by 3.6 ppts to $37.6 \%$ by the end of $1 Q$. In 1 Q all segments but corporate loans showed portfolio quality improvement. The coverage of DPD90+ loans improved by 40 bps to $81.6 \%$ q-o-q.
The FX-adjusted deposit base decreased by $11 \%$ y -o-y mainly as a result of the cut-back of deposit volumes due to the strong liquidity position of the bank. In 1Q 2014 deposit volumes kept shrinking $(-3 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q})$, retail deposits declined by $4 \%$, while corporate deposits increased by $4 \%$ q-o-q. Net loan-to-deposit ratio stood at $80 \%$ at the end of 1 Q 2014, increased by 14 ppts $y-0-y$ and by 2 ppts q-o-q.

## STAFF LEVEL AND OTHER INFORMATION

The closing staff number of OTP Group (including the number of employed selling agents) was 36,600 as of 31 March 2014. In 1Q there was a decrease in Russia and the Ukraine in the headcount of agents as consumer lending slowed down. OTP Group provides services through 1,440 branches and close
to 4,000 ATMs in 9 countries of the CEE-region. In Hungary, OTP Bank has an extensive distribution network, which includes 382 branches and 1,999 ATM terminals. The bank (Hungary) has around 51 thousands POS terminals at the same time.

|  | 31/03/2014 |  |  |  | 31/12/2013 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Branches | ATM | POS | Headcount (closing) | Branches | ATM | POS | Headcount (closing) |
| OTP Core* | 382 | 1,999 | 50,753 | 8,425 | 382 | 2,017 | 51,683 | 8,615 |
| DSK Group | 383 | 876 | 4,464 | 4,387 | 378 | 873 | 4,396 | 4,514 |
| OTP Bank Russia (w/o employed agents) | 202 | 228 | 2,117 | 5,971 | 200 | 222 | 3,038 | 6,020 |
| OTP Bank Ukraine (w/o employed agents) | 140 | 155 | 358 | 3,359 | 140 | 158 | 353 | 3,282 |
| OTP Bank Romania | 84 | 122 | 1,228 | 939 | 84 | 122 | 1,185 | 930 |
| OTP banka Hrvatska | 102 | 223 | 1,503 | 1,002 | 102 | 223 | 1,526 | 993 |
| OTP Banka Slovenko | 67 | 123 | 200 | 665 | 68 | 123 | 187 | 655 |
| OTP banka Srbija | 51 | 120 | 2,279 | 649 | 51 | 119 | 2,371 | 663 |
| CKB | 29 | 82 | 4,658 | 445 | 29 | 82 | 4,688 | 449 |
| Foreign subsidiaries, total | 1,058 | 1,929 | 16,807 | 17,415 | 1,052 | 1,922 | 17,744 | 17,505 |
| Other Hungarian and foreign subsidiaries |  |  |  | 818 |  |  |  | 843 |
| OTP Group (w/o employed agents) |  |  |  | 26,659 |  |  |  | 26,963 |
| OTP Bank Russia - employed agents |  |  |  | 8,062 |  |  |  | 8,593 |
| OTP Bank Ukraine - employed agents |  |  |  | 1,880 |  |  |  | 2,336 |
| OTP Group (aggregated) | 1,440 | 3,928 | 67,560 | 36,600 | 1,434 | 3,939 | 69,427 | 37,892 |

*Regarding the headcount of OTP Core, ytd decline reflects a change in calculation methodology.

## PERSONAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES

In the first quarter of the year 2014 there was no change in the composition of the Supervisory Board, Board of Directors and the Auditor of the Bank.

FINANCIAL DATA

## SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED IFRS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| in HUF million | OTP Bank |  |  | Consolidated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31/03/2014 | 31/12/2013 | change | 31/03/2014 | 31/12/2013 | change |
| Cash, amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 171,275 | 140,521 | 22\% | 495,275 | 539,125 | -8\% |
| Placements with other banks, net of allowance for placement losses | 679,743 | 632,899 | 7\% | 283,415 | 273,479 | 4\% |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 344,404 | 396,565 | -13\% | 339,423 | 415,605 | -18\% |
| Securities available-for-sale | 1,872,086 | 1,997,491 | -6\% | 1,518,498 | 1,637,255 | -7\% |
| Loans, net of allowance for loan losses | 2,079,574 | 2,144,701 | -3\% | 6,125,613 | 6,245,210 | -2\% |
| Associates and other investments | 677,575 | 669,322 | 1\% | 24,627 | 23,837 | 3\% |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 614,993 | 525,049 | 17\% | 698,388 | 580,051 | 20\% |
| Property, equipments and intangible assets | 115,110 | 117,001 | -2\% | 431,993 | 455,244 | -5\% |
| Other assets | 86,067 | 49,486 | 74\% | 222,686 | 211,241 | 5\% |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 6,640,827 | 6,673,035 | 0\% | 10,139,918 | 10,381,047 | -2\% |
| Amounts due to banks, the Hungarian Government, deposits from the National Banks and other banks | 725,354 | 902,744 | -20\% | 588,847 | 784,212 | -25\% |
| Deposits from customers | 3,753,542 | 3,677,450 | 2\% | 6,881,568 | 6,866,606 | 0\% |
| Liabilities from issued securities | 165,585 | 170,779 | -3\% | 376,128 | 445,218 | -16\% |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 216,849 | 204,517 | 6\% | 87,834 | 87,164 | 1\% |
| Other liabilities | 273,385 | 242,444 | 13\% | 484,601 | 421,353 | 15\% |
| Subordinated bonds and loans | 292,435 | 278,241 | 5\% | 280,278 | 267,162 | 5\% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 5,427,150 | 5,476,175 | -1\% | 8,699,256 | 8,871,715 | -2\% |
| Share capital | 28,000 | 28,000 | 0\% | 28,000 | 28,000 | 0\% |
| Retained earnings and reserves | 1,143,609 | 1,127,700 | 1\% | 1,459,235 | 1,467,965 | -1\% |
| Net earnings for the year | 50,282 | 47,891 | 5\% | 5,962 | 64,199 | -91\% |
| Treasury shares | -8,214 | -6,731 | 22\% | -57,082 | -55,599 | 3\% |
| Non-controlling interest |  |  |  | 4,547 | 4,767 | -5\% |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 1,213,677 | 1,196,860 | 1\% | 1,440,662 | 1,509,332 | -5\% |
| TOTAL LIABILTITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 6,640,827 | 6,673,035 | 0\% | 10,139,918 | 10,381,047 | -2\% |

## SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED IFRS STATEMENT OF RECOGNIZED INCOME ${ }^{10}$

| in HUF million | OTP Bank |  |  | Consolidated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1Q 2014 | 2Q 2013 | change | 1Q 2014 | 1Q 2013 | change |
| Loans | 43,276 | 50,095 | -14\% | 184,965 | 201,285 | -8\% |
| Placements with other banks | 43,179 | 90,654 | -52\% | 36,628 | 81,422 | -55\% |
| Amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 556 | 1,122 | -50\% | 797 | 1,168 | -32\% |
| Securities held for trading | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 436 | -100\% |
| Securities available-for-sale | 20,460 | 30,106 | -32\% | 14,215 | 21,587 | -34\% |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 8,192 | 5,989 | 37\% | 8,886 | 6,770 | 31\% |
| Other interest income |  |  |  | 1,007 |  |  |
| Interest income | 115,663 | 177,966 | -35\% | 246,498 | 312,668 | -21\% |
| Amounts due to banks, the Hungarian Government, deposits from the National Banks and other banks | -42,593 | -93,802 | -55\% | -36,531 | -74,400 | -51\% |
| Deposits from customers | -14,070 | -32,314 | -56\% | -35,661 | -56,573 | -37\% |
| Liabilities from issued securities | -1,375 | -4,929 | -72\% | -5,158 | -10,097 | -49\% |
| Subordinated bonds and loans | -4,040 | -4,243 | -5\% | -3,343 | -2,849 | 17\% |
| Other interest expense |  |  |  | -1,384 | -793 | 75\% |
| Interest expense | -62,078 | -135,288 | -54\% | -82,077 | -144,712 | -43\% |
| Net interest income | 53,585 | 42,678 | 26\% | 164,421 | 167,956 | -2\% |
| Provision for impairment on loan and placement losses | -5,907 | -7,035 | -16\% | -133,360 | -64,311 | 107\% |
| NET INRETEST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT ON LOAN AND PLACEMENT LOSSES | 47,678 | 35,643 | 34\% | 31,061 | 103,645 | -70\% |
| Income from fees and commissions | 40,575 | 32,726 | 24\% | 63,724 | 55,051 | 16\% |
| Expense from fees and commissions | -4,954 | -5,704 | -13\% | -11,224 | -12,864 | -13\% |
| NET PROFIT FROM FEES AND COMMISSIONS | 35,621 | 27,022 | 32\% | 52,500 | 42,187 | 24\% |
| Foreign exchange gains, net (-)/(+) | 4,874 | 8,508 | -43\% | 65,732 | 12,487 | 426\% |
| Gains / (losses) on securities, net | -123 | 3,549 | -103\% | 852 | 4,043 | -79\% |
| Gains on real estate transactions |  |  |  | 449 | 499 | -10\% |
| Dividend income | 39,589 | 35,523 | 11\% | 8 | 2 | 300\% |
| Other operating income | 879 | 571 | 54\% | 4,133 | 4,910 | -16\% |
| Other operating expense | -1,648 | -2,222 | -26\% | -3,972 | -3,379 | 18\% |
| NET OPERATING RESULT | 43,571 | 45,929 | -5\% | 67,202 | 18,562 | 262\% |
| Personnel expenses | -21,322 | -21,496 | -1\% | -52,146 | -51,123 | 2\% |
| Depreciation and amortization | -5,348 | -4,978 | 7\% | -10,380 | -11,366 | -9\% |
| Other administrative expenses | -50,559 | -45,812 | 10\% | -85,631 | -80,036 | 7\% |
| OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | -77,229 | -72,286 | 7\% | -148,157 | -142,525 | 4\% |
| PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX | 49,641 | 36,308 | 37\% | 2,606 | 21,869 | -88\% |
| Income tax | 641 | -3,939 | -116\% | 3,258 | -10,636 | -131\% |
| NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIODS | 50,282 | 32,369 | 55\% | 5,864 | 11,233 | -48\% |
| From this, attributable to non-controlling interest |  |  |  | 98 | -200 | -149\% |
| NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIODS ATTRIBUTABLE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY | 50,282 | 32,369 | 55\% | 5,962 | 11,033 | -46\% |

[^6]
## SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED IFRS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

|  | OTP Bank |  |  | Consolidated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31/03/2014 | 31/03/2013 | change | 31/03/2014 | 31/03/2013 | change |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profit before income tax | 49,641 | 36,308 | 37\% | 2,606 | 21,869 | -88\% |
| Adjustments to reconcile income before income taxes to net cash provided by operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax paid | 0 | -996 | -100\% | -3,576 | -6,035 | -41\% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5,348 | 4,978 | 7\% | 10,380 | 11,366 | -9\% |
| Provision for impairment / Release of provision | 5,606 | 8,134 | -31\% | 133,682 | 65,078 | 105\% |
| Share-based payment | 1,279 | 1,415 | -10\% | 1,279 | 1,415 | -10\% |
| Unrealized (losses) / gains on fair value adjustment of securities held for trading | -150 | 224 | -167\% | -150 | 223 | -167\% |
| Unrealized losses on fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments | 3,532 | 7,789 | -55\% | 4,855 | 3,584 | 35\% |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | 149,894 | 45,122 | 232\% | 146,341 | 75,673 | 93\% |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 215,150 | 102,974 | 109\% | 295,417 | 173,173 | 71\% |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash used in investing activities | 26,778 | -214,728 | -112\% | 7,693 | -335,704 | -102\% |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash used in financing activities | -212,211 | 39,013 | -644\% | -326,241 | 57,344 | -669\% |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 29,717 | -72,741 | -141\% | -23,131 | -105,187 | -78\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 62,835 | 164,385 | -62\% | 275,947 | 331,929 | -17\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 92,552 | 91,644 | 1\% | 252,816 | 226,742 | 11\% |
| Analysis of cash and cash equivalents |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash, amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 140,521 | 245,548 | -43\% | 539,125 | 602,521 | -11\% |
| Compulsory reserve established by the National Banks | -77,686 | -81,163 | -4\% | -263,178 | -270,592 | -3\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 62,835 | 164,385 | -62\% | 275,947 | 331,929 | -17\% |
| Cash, amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 171,275 | 171,210 | 0\% | 495,275 | 503,824 | -2\% |
| Compulsory reserve established by the National Banks | -78,723 | -79,566 | -1\% | -242,459 | -277,082 | -12\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 92,552 | 91,644 | 1\% | 252,816 | 226,742 | 11\% |

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (IFRS)



Ownership structure of OTP Bank Plc.
as at 31 March 2014

${ }^{1}$ Voting rights
${ }^{2}$ Beneficial ownership
${ }^{3}$ E.g.: State Privatization Holding Co. Ltd., Social Security, Municipality, $100 \%$ state-owned companies, Pension Reform and Debt Reduction Fund etc.
${ }^{4}$ E.g.: EBRD, EIB, etc.
${ }^{5}$ Non-identified shareholders according to the shareholders' registry.

Number of treasury shares held in the year under review (2014)

|  | 1 January | 31 March | 30 June |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Company | $1,363,714$ | $1,767,140$ |  |  |
| Subsidiaries | $2,073,560$ | $2,073,560$ |  |  |
| TOTAL | $3,437,274$ | $3,840,700$ |  |  |

Shareholders with overlaround 5\% stake as at 31 March 2014

| Name | Number of shares | Voting rights | Beneficial ownership |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Megdet, Timur and Ruszlan Rahimkulov | $24,875,995$ | $8.88 \%$ | $9.01 \%$ |
| MOL (Hungarian Oil and Gas Company Plc.) | $24,000,000$ | $8.57 \%$ | $8.69 \%$ |
| Groupama Group | $23,808,791$ | $8.50 \%$ | $8.62 \%$ |
| Lazard Group | $15,234,032$ | $5.44 \%$ | $5.52 \%$ |
| Hungarian National Asset Management Inc. | $14,091,203$ | $5.03 \%$ | $5.10 \%$ |

Senior officers, strategic employees and their shareholding of OTP shares as at 31 March 2014

| Type ${ }^{1}$ | Name | Position | No. of shares held |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IT | Dr. Sándor Csányi ${ }^{2}$ | Chairman and CEO | 10,000 |
| IT | Mihály Baumstark | member | 16,000 |
| IT | Dr. Tibor Bíró | member | 39,158 |
| IT | Péter Braun | member | 343,905 |
| IT | Tamás Erdei | member | 6,439 |
| IT | Dr. István Gresa | member | 71,935 |
| IT | Zsolt Hernádi | member | 16,000 |
| IT | Dr. István Kocsis ${ }^{3}$ | member | 3,635 |
| IT | Dr. Antal Pongrácz | Deputy Chairman, Deputy CEO | 14,400 |
| IT | Dr. László Utassy | member | 281,000 |
| IT | Dr. József Vörös | member | 133,200 |
| FB | Tibor Tolnay | Chairman | 54 |
| FB | Dr. Gábor Horváth | member | 0 |
| FB | Antal Kovács | member, Deputy CEO | 23,000 |
| FB | András Michnai | member | 14,000 |
| FB | Dominique Uzel | member | 0 |
| FB | Dr. Márton Gellért Vági | member | 0 |
| SP | László Bencsik | Chief Financial and Strategic Officer, Deputy CEO | 4,780 |
| SP | Daniel Gyuris | Deputy CEO | 0 |
| SP | Ákos Takáts | Deputy CEO | 184,963 |
| SP | László Wolf | Deputy CEO | 587,182 |
| TOTAL No. of shares held by management: |  |  | 1,749,651 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Employee in strategic position (SP), Board Member (IT), Supervisory Board Member (FB) <br> ${ }^{2}$ Number of OTP shares owned by Mr Csányi directly or indirectly: 510,000 <br> ${ }^{3}$ Membership suspended since 3 October 2012 |  |  |  |

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS ACCORDING TO IFRS (consolidated, in HUF million) ${ }^{1}$
a) Contingent liabilities

|  | $31 / 03 / 2014$ | $31 / 03 / 2013$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Commitments to extend credit | $1,263,536$ | $1,258,179$ |
| Guarantees arising from banking activities | 330,494 | 324,340 |
| Confirmed letters of credit | 23,348 | 15,377 |
| Legal disputes (disputed value) | 70,693 | 52,277 |
| Contingent liabilities related to OTP Mortgage Bank | -- | -- |
| Other | 148,153 | 132,803 |
| Total: | $\mathbf{1 , 8 3 6 , 2 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 8 2 , 9 7 6}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Those financial undertakings, which are important from valuation perspectives however not booked within the balance sheet (such as surety, guarantees, pledge related obligations, etc.)

Changes in the headcount (number of persons) employed by the Bank and the subsidiaries

|  | End of reference period | Current period opening | Current period closing |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank | 7,984 | 7,896 |  |
| Consolidated | 36,418 | 37,892 |  |

Security issuances on Group level between 01/04/2013 and 31/03/2014
$\left.\begin{array}{lllllll} \\ & & & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Outstanding } \\ \text { consolidated } \\ \text { debt (in } \\ \text { original }\end{array} \\ \text { Outstanding } \\ \text { consolidated } \\ \text { debt (in HUF } \\ \text { million) }\end{array}\right)$

| Issuer | Type of security | Security name | Date of issue | Date of maturity | Ccy | Outstanding consolidated debt (in original currency or HUF million) 31/03/2014 | Outstanding consolidated debt (in HUF million) 31/03/2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2016_IV | 28/02/2014 | 28/02/2016 | EUR | 696,400 | 214 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XVIII | 13/09/2013 | 13/09/2015 | EUR | 648,800 | 199 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XV | 26/07/2013 | 26/07/2015 | EUR | 630,100 | 193 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTP 2018/Fx | 19/12/2013 | 21/12/2018 | EUR | 618,000 | 190 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XIX | 27/09/2013 | 27/09/2015 | EUR | 508,700 | 156 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XVII | 30/08/2013 | 30/08/2015 | EUR | 422,900 | 130 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XI | 07/06/2013 | 07/06/2015 | EUR | 390,300 | 120 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/X | 24/05/2013 | 24/05/2015 | EUR | 363,800 | 112 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/VII | 05/04/2013 | 05/04/2015 | EUR | 313,700 | 96 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/VIII | 19/04/2013 | 19/04/2015 | EUR | 302,200 | 93 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XX | 11/10/2013 | 11/10/2015 | EUR | 299,300 | 92 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XIII | 28/06/2013 | 28/06/2015 | EUR | 274,200 | 84 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XII | 21/06/2013 | 21/06/2015 | EUR | 210,600 | 65 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2016_VI | 21/03/2014 | 21/03/2016 | EUR | 210,400 | 65 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XIV | 12/07/2013 | 12/07/2015 | EUR | 123,900 | 38 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OMB2016_I | 25/10/2013 | 25/10/2016 | EUR | 0 | 0 |

Security redemptions on Group level between 01/04/2013 and 31/03/2014

| Issuer | Type of security | Security name | Date of issue | Date of maturity | Ccy | Outstanding consolidated debt (in original currency or HUF million) 31/03/2013 | Outstanding consolidated debt (in HUF million) 31/03/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/IX | 11/05/2012 | 11/05/2013 | HUF | 10,571 | 10,571 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/VIII | 21/04/2012 | 21/04/2013 | HUF | 10,539 | 10,539 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/VII | 06/04/2012 | 06/04/2013 | HUF | 10,035 | 10,035 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XIV | 20/07/2012 | 20/07/2013 | HUF | 9,426 | 9,426 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | TBSZ2013_I | 26/02/2010 | 30/12/2013 | HUF | 5,993 | 5,993 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XV | 10/08/2012 | 10/08/2013 | HUF | 5,813 | 5,813 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XIII | 06/07/2012 | 06/07/2013 | HUF | 5,715 | 5,715 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XI | 08/06/2012 | 08/06/2013 | HUF | 5,506 | 5,506 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/X | 25/05/2012 | 11/05/2013 | HUF | 4,965 | 4,965 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XII | 22/06/2012 | 22/06/2013 | HUF | 4,413 | 4,413 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XXI | 12/11/2012 | 12/11/2013 | HUF | 4,125 | 4,125 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XVII | 07/09/2012 | 07/09/2013 | HUF | 4,078 | 4,078 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XVIII | 21/09/2012 | 21/09/2013 | HUF | 3,631 | 3,631 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XVI | 24/08/2012 | 24/08/2013 | HUF | 3,596 | 3,596 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2014/I | 11/01/2013 | 11/01/2014 | HUF | 3,490 | 3,490 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTPRA_2013_B | 26/11/2010 | 03/12/2013 | HUF | 3,162 | 3,162 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XXII | 23/11/2012 | 23/11/2013 | HUF | 3,003 | 3,003 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2014/III | 01/03/2013 | 01/03/2014 | HUF | 2,871 | 2,871 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XIX | 05/10/2012 | 05/10/2013 | HUF | 2,418 | 2,418 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_DNT_HUF 130508 | 15/11/2012 | 08/05/2013 | HUF | 2,334 | 2,334 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XX | 19/10/2012 | 19/10/2013 | HUF | 2,280 | 2,280 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 3Y_EUR_HUF | 25/06/2010 | 25/06/2013 | HUF | 2,097 | 2,097 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XXIII | 07/12/2012 | 07/12/2013 | HUF | 1,848 | 1,848 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2013/XXIV | 21/12/2012 | 21/12/2013 | HUF | 1,578 | 1,578 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP 2014/II | 01/02/2013 | 01/02/2014 | HUF | 1,496 | 1,496 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_OVK_2013_I | 26/08/2011 | 26/08/2013 | HUF | 1,249 | 1,249 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTPRA_2014_A | 25/03/2011 | 24/03/2014 | HUF | 947 | 947 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTPX 2013B | 26/11/2010 | 06/11/2013 | HUF | 785 | 785 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTPX 2013A | 28/06/2010 | 08/07/2013 | HUF | 428 | 428 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTPX 2013C | 16/12/2010 | 19/12/2013 | HUF | 420 | 420 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_OVK_2014_I | 31/01/2012 | 27/01/2014 | HUF | 226 | 226 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XV | 03/08/2012 | 03/08/2013 | EUR | 13,112,500 | 3,990 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XXIV | 07/12/2012 | 07/12/2013 | EUR | 10,343,000 | 3,147 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XXIII | 23/11/2012 | 23/11/2013 | EUR | 9,189,000 | 2,796 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XVII | 31/08/2012 | 31/08/2013 | EUR | 8,984,200 | 2,734 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_DC_EUR 130506 | 08/02/2013 | 06/05/2013 | EUR | 8,636,500 | 2,628 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XVIII | 14/09/2012 | 28/09/2013 | EUR | 8,450,300 | 2,571 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_DC_USD 130506 | 08/02/2013 | 06/05/2013 | USD | 10,231,200 | 2,428 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XVI | 17/08/2012 | 17/08/2013 | EUR | 7,651,200 | 2,328 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XX | 12/10/2012 | 12/10/2013 | EUR | 7,293,700 | 2,219 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XXI | 26/10/2012 | 26/10/2013 | EUR | 5,813,400 | 1,769 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XXII | 09/11/2012 | 09/11/2013 | EUR | 5,304,900 | 1,614 |


| Issuer | Type of security | Security name | Date of issue | Date of maturity | Ccy | Outstanding consolidated debt (in original currency or HUF million) 31/03/2013 | Outstanding consolidated debt (in HUF million) 31/03/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XIV | 13/07/2012 | 13/07/2013 | EUR | 4,849,300 | 1,476 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XIX | 28/09/2012 | 28/09/2013 | EUR | 4,626,000 | 1,408 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XXV | 21/12/2012 | 21/12/2013 | EUR | 4,235,800 | 1,289 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2014_IV | 15/02/2013 | 15/02/2014 | EUR | 4,105,300 | 1,249 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2014_V | 01/03/2013 | 01/03/2014 | EUR | 3,857,500 | 1,174 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2014_I | 11/01/2013 | 11/01/2014 | EUR | 3,429,600 | 1,044 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2014_VI | 22/03/2013 | 22/03/2014 | EUR | 3,226,300 | 982 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_IX | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2013 | EUR | 2,835,900 | 863 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2014_III | 01/02/2013 | 01/02/2014 | EUR | 2,743,900 | 835 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2014_II | 25/01/2013 | 25/01/2014 | EUR | 2,591,600 | 789 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_VIII | 20/04/2012 | 20/04/2013 | EUR | 2,303,300 | 701 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XIII | 22/06/2012 | 22/06/2013 | EUR | 2,285,700 | 696 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_VII | 06/04/2012 | 06/04/2013 | EUR | 1,158,600 | 353 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XII | 08/06/2012 | 08/06/2013 | EUR | 1,059,800 | 322 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_III | 26/08/2011 | 26/08/2013 | EUR | 893,900 | 272 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_XI | 25/05/2012 | 25/05/2013 | EUR | 869,500 | 265 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_IV | 09/09/2011 | 09/09/2013 | EUR | 765,400 | 233 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_VI | 07/10/2011 | 07/10/2013 | EUR | 552,000 | 168 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_VII | 21/10/2011 | 21/10/2013 | EUR | 509,600 | 155 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_V | 23/09/2011 | 23/09/2013 | EUR | 490,900 | 149 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_1_2013_X | 11/05/2012 | 11/05/2013 | EUR | 474,200 | 144 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2014_IV | 24/02/2012 | 24/02/2014 | EUR | 444,400 | 135 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_I | 05/08/2011 | 05/08/2013 | EUR | 441,600 | 134 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_II | 12/08/2011 | 12/08/2013 | EUR | 437,400 | 133 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_IX | 18/11/2011 | 18/11/2013 | EUR | 418,400 | 127 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_VIII | 07/11/2011 | 07/11/2013 | EUR | 264,400 | 80 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2014_III | 10/02/2012 | 10/02/2014 | EUR | 244,600 | 74 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTP_EUR_2_2014_II | 27/01/2012 | 27/01/2014 | EUR | 192,100 | 58 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_XI | 02/12/2011 | 02/12/2013 | EUR | 179,500 | 55 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTP_EUR_2013_XIII | 29/12/2011 | 29/12/2013 | EUR | 149,800 | 46 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_X | 25/11/2011 | 25/11/2013 | EUR | 140,700 | 43 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2014_VI | 23/03/2012 | 23/03/2014 | EUR | 103,100 | 31 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2014_V | 09/03/2012 | 09/03/2014 | EUR | 95,000 | 29 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2013_XII | 16/12/2011 | 16/12/2013 | EUR | 84,600 | 26 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP_EUR_2_2014_I | 13/01/2012 | 13/01/2014 | EUR | 52,000 | 16 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OJB2013_B | 25/05/2011 | 30/10/2013 | HUF | 0 | 0 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OJB2013_II | 20/12/2002 | 31/08/2013 | HUF | 13,433 | 13,433 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OJB2013_III | 29/05/2009 | 29/05/2013 | HUF | 0 | 0 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OJB2013_IV | 25/05/2011 | 31/08/2013 | HUF | 0 | 0 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OJB2014_I | 14/11/2003 | 12/02/2014 | HUF | 13,483 | 13,483 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | Mortgage bond | OMB2013_I | 11/11/2011 | 18/11/2013 | EUR | 3,500,000 | 1,065 |
| OTP Banka Slovensko | Mortgage bond | OTP XXI. | 20/05/2010 | 20/05/2013 | EUR | 9,856,000 | 2,999 |
| OTP Banka Slovensko | Mortgage bond | OTP XXIV. | 23/11/2010 | 23/11/2013 | EUR | 7,877,000 | 2,397 |
| OTP Bank Russia | Corporate bond | OTPRU 14/03 | 29/03/2011 | 25/03/2014 | RUR | 2,500,000,000 | 19,125 |

## RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The compensation of key management personnel, such as the members of the Board of Directors, members of the Supervisory Board, key employees of the Bank and its major subsidiaries involved in the decision-making process in accordance with the compensation categories defined in IAS 24 Related party disclosures, is summarised below.

| Compensations (in HUF million) | 1Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 3,661 | 2,587 | 2,366 | -9\% | -35\% |
| Short-term employee benefits | 1,886 | 2,130 | 1,391 | -35\% | -26\% |
| Share-based payment | 1,516 | 221 | 725 | 228\% | -52\% |
| Other long-term employee benefits | 259 | 236 | 190 | -19\% | -27\% |
| Termination benefits | 0 | 0 | 60 |  |  |
| Redundancy payments | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans provided to companies owned by members of the management ${ }^{1}$ or their family members (normal course of business) | 37,175 | 38,828 | 41,701 | 7\% | 12\% |
| Credit lines of the members of Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board and their close family members (at normal market conditions) | 487 | 559 | 516 | -8\% | 6\% |
| Commitments to extend credit and guarantees | 994 | 1,221 | 1,412 | 16\% | 42\% |
| Loans provided to unconsolidated subsidiaries | 1,282 | 1,124 | 1,065 | -5\% | -17\% |

$\frac{\text { Loans provided to unconsolidated subsidiaries }}{{ }^{1} \text { Members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, senior officers and the auditor of the company }}$

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

## FOOTNOTES OF THE TABLE ‘CONSOLIDATED AFTER TAX PROFIT BREAKDOWN BY SUBSIDIARIES (IFRS)

General note: regarding OTP Core and other subsidiaries, profit after tax is calculated without received dividends and net cash transfers. Regarding dividends and net cash transfers received from non-group member companies, it is shown on a separate line in one sum in the table, regardless to the particular receiver or payer group member company.
(1) OTP Core, Corporate Centre and foreign banks aggregated, excluding one-timers.
(2) OTP Core is an economic unit for measuring the result of core business activity of OTP Group in Hungary. Financials for OTP Core are calculated from the partially consolidated financial statements of the companies engaged in OTP Group's underlying banking operation in Hungary. These companies include OTP Bank Hungary Plc., OTP Mortgage Bank Ltd, OTP Building Society Ltd, OTP Factoring Ltd, OTP Financing Netherlands Ltd and OTP Holding Ltd. The consolidated accounting result of these companies are segmented into OTP Core and Corporate Centre. Latter is a virtual entity.
(3) Within OTP Group, the Corporate Centre acts as a virtual entity established by the equity investment of OTP Core for managing the wholesale financing activity for all the subsidiaries within OTP Group but outside OTP Core. Therefore the balance sheet of the Corporate Centre is funded by the equity and intragroup lending received from OTP Core plus the subordinated debt and senior notes arranged by OTP Bank under its running EMTN program. From this funding pool, the Corporate Centre is to provide intragroup lending to, and hold equity stakes in OTP subsidiaries outside OTP Core. Within OTP Group, the full range of financing and investments into nonOTP Core subsidiaries is allocated to the Corporate Centre. Main subsidiaries financed by Corporate Centre are as follows: Hungarians: Merkantil Bank Ltd, Merkantil Car Ltd, Merkantil Leasing Ltd, OTP Real Estate Leasing Ltd, OTP Fund Management Ltd, OTP Real Estate Fund Management Ltd, OTP Life Annuity Ltd; foreigners: leasing companies, factoring companies.
(4) The profit impact of the repurchase from the perpetual EUR 500 million subordinated Notes series executed in 4Q 2013 was eliminated from the performance of both parties, OTP Bank (Hungary) and OTP Bank Russia, since the transaction had no direct impact on consolidated earnings.
(5) From 4Q 2008 figures are based on the aggregated financial statements of OTP Bank JSC
and LLC OTP Leasing Ukraine, from 4Q 2009 the result of LLC OTP Factoring Ukraine was also aggregated, while in 4Q 2010 the financial statement and balance sheet of LLC OTP Credit was also added.
(6) From 3Q 2010, statements are based on the aggregated financials of DSK Group and the newly established Bulgarian collection company, OTP Factoring Bulgaria LLC. DSK Group balance sheet contains the loans sold to the factoring company at before sale gross value and the related provisions as well.
(7) Net earnings are adjusted with the result of CIRS swap transactions executed with OTP Bank in relation to interbank financing. Before transfer balance sheet numbers are displayed.
(8) Including the financial performance of OTP Factoring Serbia d.o.o from 4Q 2010.
(9) From 2011 on Balance Sheet contains consolidated data of OTP Banka Slovensko and OTP Faktor Slovensko s.r.o., adjusted for loans sold to OTP Bank Plc. and OTP Factoring Ltd., and the related interbank financing in the net amount of the sold loans. The recoveries of sold loans to OTP Faktoring are recognised in the P\&L accounts as risk cost decreasing elements since 2011. From 2012 on P\&L data and related indices are adjusted for the special banking tax.
(10) Aggregated after tax profit of Merkantil Bank and Merkantil Car without dividends, net cash transfer and provisioning for investments in subsidiaries.
(11) From 4Q 2009: OTP Leasing Romania IFN S.A. (Romania), Z plus d.o.o. (Croatia), OTP Leasing d.d. (Croatia), DSK Leasing AD (Bulgaria).
(12) LLC AMC OTP Capitol (Ukraine) and OTP Asset Management SAI S.A. (Romania).
(13) HIF Ltd. (United Kingdom), OTP Faktoring Slovensko (Slovakia) (until 1Q 2011), OTP Buildings (Slovakia), OTP Real Slovensko (Slovakia), OTP Holding Limited (Cyprus), Velvin Ventures Ltd. (Belize), OTP Faktoring SRL (Romania).
(14) Total Hungarian subsidiaries: sum of the after tax results of Hungarian group members including (Corporate Centre) and related eliminations.
(15) Total Foreign subsidiaries: sum of the after tax profits of foreign subsidiaries and one-off items (after tax).

## CALCULATION OF ADJUSTED LINES OF IFRS PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENTS PRESENTED IN THE REPORT

In order to present Group level trends in a comprehensive way in the Interim Management Report, the presented consolidated and separate profit and loss statements of the Report were adjusted in the following way, and the adjusted P\&Ls are shown and analysed in the Report. Consolidated accounting figures together with Separate accounting figures of OTP Bank are still disclosed in the Financial Data section of the Report.

- As non-recurring results, the after tax effect of the following items are shown separately on the Statement of Recognised Income: received dividends, received and paid cash transfers, goodwill write-offs, the tax shield effect of investment write-offs, special tax on financial institutions, the one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax in 2013, the fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority in 4Q 2013, the corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings, the loss from early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary, the revaluation result on FX purchased from the National Bank of Hungary to cover the FX need of early repayments and the special banking tax refund related to the early repayments. Beside the Slovakian banking levy, from 1Q 2014 the total amount of the special banking tax includes and the Slovakian Deposit Protection Fund contributions being introduced again in 2014.
- Other non-interest income elements stemming from provisioning release in connection with loans originated before the acquisitions of the subsidiaries have been reclassified to and deducted from the volume of provisions for possible loan losses in the income statement.
- Other non-interest income is shown together with gains/losses on real estate transactions, but without the above mentioned income from the release of pre-acquisition provisions and without received cash transfers. However other non-interest expenses stemming from non-financial activities are added to the adjusted net other non-interest income line, therefore the latter incorporates the net amount of other non-interest income from non-financial activities.
- Out of other expenses, other provisions are deducted and shown separately as other risk costs in the adjusted income statement. Other provisions contain provisioning on off-balance sheet liabilities and on legal contests, provisioning on securities, shares and other investments as well as provisioning on other assets.
- Other administrative expenses have been adjusted in the following way in order to create a category comprising administrative cost items exclusively. Other costs and expenses and other non-interest expenses were included into the adjusted Other non-interest expenses. At the same time, the following cost items were excluded from adjusted other non-interest expenses: paid cash transfers -
except for movie subsidies and cash transfers to public benefit organisations, which are quasi marketing expenses but kept as paid cash transfer on the P\&L -, Other non-interest expenses, Special tax on financial institutions and the one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax.
- From 4Q 2010 onwards, the fee expenses paid by Merkantil Group to car dealers ('dealer fees') were registered as interest expense in the accounting income statement. Earlier this item had been booked as fee expense. In order to create a comparable time series, since 4Q 2010 dealer fees have been reclassified from net interest income to net fees and commissions - both on the consolidated and on a standalone level.
- Within the aggregated income statement of Merkantil Bank and Car, other risk cost related to leasing companies - as investments of the Merkantil Group - is eliminated. The reason behind is that this provisioning is eliminated in the consolidated income statement of OTP Group, and only the net result of the leasing companies is making part of OTP Group's consolidated net earnings.
- Cost/income ratio, net interest margin, risk cost to average gross loans as well as ROA and ROE ratios are calculated on the basis of the adjusted profit and loss statement, excluding adjustment items such as received dividends and net cash transfers, the after tax effect of the goodwill write-downs, the effect of special banking tax, the loss from early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary and the revaluation result on FX purchased from the National Bank of Hungary to cover the FX need of early repayments. Cost/income ratio is calculated from operating costs, excluding other risk costs.
- OTP Group is hedging the revaluation result of the FX provisions on its FX loans by keeping hedging open FX positions. In its accounting statement of income, the revaluation of FX provisions is part of the risk costs (within line "Provision for loan losses"), whereas the revaluation of the hedging open FX positions is made through other non-interest income (within line "Foreign exchange result, net"). The two items have the same absolute amount but an opposite sign. As an adjustment to the accounting statement of income, these items are eliminated from the adjusted P\&L. By modifying only the structure of the income statement, this correction does not have any impact on the bottom line net profits.
- In 3Q 2012 and in 2Q 2013, seven subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. were for the first time consolidated into OTP Group. The cumulated loss of the companies' previous operation was recognised as Other expenses in the accounting P\&L, while loan loss and other provisioning earlier made by OTP Bank and OTP Real Estate in relation to these companies were released. By influencing only the
structure of the income statement, the net effect of these two entries was neutral to consolidated net earnings. As an adjustment to the accounting statement of income, these items are eliminated from the adjusted P\&L.
- Tax deductible transfers paid by Hungarian group members in 2H 2012 were reclassified from Other non-interest expenses to Corporate income tax. As a result, the net P\&L effect of the transfers (ie. the paid transfer less the related tax allowances) is recognised in the corporate income tax line of the adjusted P\&L. Thus these transfers had no material P\&L effect in the adjusted P\&L in 2 H 2012.
- From 2012 credit institutions' contribution tax started to be recognised in the accounting P\&L of OTP Group and OTP Core as OTP Core's burden share in the fixed exchange rate scheme provided to Hungarian FX mortgage debtors. The paid contribution tax equals $50 \%$ of the forgiveness provided on the interest payments of the clients. In the adjusted P\&L the tax is reclassified from other
(administrative) expenses and to a lesser extent from other risk cost to net interest income.
- The financial transaction tax paid from the beginning of 2013 in Hungary is reclassified from other (administrative) expenses to net fees and commissions.
- The profit impact of the repurchase from the perpetual EUR 500 million subordinated Notes series executed in 4Q 2013 was eliminated from the performance of both parties, OTP Bank (Hungary) and OTP Bank Russia, since the transaction had no direct impact on consolidated earnings.
- Within the report, FX-adjusted statistics for business volumes are disclosed. For FX adjustment, the closing cross currency rates for the current period were used to calculate the HUF equivalent of loan and deposit volumes in the base periods. Thus the FX adjusted volumes will be different from those published earlier.


## ADJUSTMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED IFRS P\&L LINES

| in HUF million | 1Q 13 | 2Q 13 | 3Q 13 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4 \mathrm{Q} 13 \\ \text { Audited } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \\ \text { Audited } \end{gathered}$ | 1Q 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net interest income | 167,955 | 162,301 | 165,055 | 158,418 | 653,728 | 164,421 |
| (-) Agent fees paid to car dealers by Merkantil Group | -624 | -552 | -587 | -556 | -2,319 | -568 |
| (+) Credit institutions' contribution tax paid in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme | -2,161 | -30 | 34 | -48 | -2,205 | -2,819 |
| (+) Other risk costs recognised in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme | -98 | 64 | 30 | 3 | 0 | -14 |
| Net interest income (adj.) with one-offs | 166,320 | 162,887 | 165,706 | 158,929 | 653,841 | 162,157 |
| (-) Revaluation result of FX swaps at OTP Core (booked within net interest income) | 432 | 310 | 270 | -297 | 715 | -296 |
| Net interest income (adj.) without one-offs | 165,888 | 162,577 | 165,436 | 159,225 | 653,126 | 162,453 |
| Net fees and commissions | 42,189 | 49,494 | 53,420 | 56,655 | 201,758 | 52,501 |
| (+) Agent fees paid to car dealers by Merkantil Group | -624 | -552 | -587 | -556 | -2,319 | -568 |
| (+) Financial Transaction Tax | -5,752 | -6,165 | -9,316 | -11,270 | -32,503 | -9,892 |
| Net fees and commissions (adj.) | 35,813 | 42,777 | 43,517 | 44,829 | 166,936 | 42,040 |
| Foreign exchange result | 12,487 | -5,385 | 9,169 | 2,009 | 18,279 | 65,732 |
| (-) Revaluation result of FX positions hedging the revaluation of FX provisions | 9,954 | -12,006 | 5,502 | -3,355 | 96 | 64,576 |
| Foreign exchange result (adj.) with one-offs | 2,533 | 6,621 | 3,666 | 5,364 | 18,183 | 1,155 |
| Foreign exchange result (adj.) without one-offs | 2,533 | 6,621 | 3,666 | 5,364 | 18,183 | 1,155 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain/loss on securities, net | 4,043 | 4,118 | 1,854 | 1,530 | 11,546 | 851 |
| Gain/loss on securities, net (adj.) with one-offs | 4,043 | 4,118 | 1,854 | 1,530 | 11,546 | 851 |
| (-) Revaluation result of the treasury share swap agreement (booked as Gain on securities, net (adj.) at OTP Core) | 26 | 295 | 291 | -104 | 508 | 63 |
| Gain/loss on securities, net (adj.) without one-offs | 4,017 | 3,823 | 1,563 | 1,634 | 11,037 | 788 |
| Gains and losses on real estate transactions | 499 | 589 | 427 | 37 | 1,552 | 449 |
| (+) Other non-interest income | 4,910 | 6,160 | 9,533 | 4,236 | 24,840 | 4,133 |
| (-) Received cash transfers | 9 | 4 | 151 | -121 | 43 | 0 |
| (-) Non-interest income from the release of pre-acquisition provisions | 22 | 36 | 66 | 33 | 156 | 24 |
| (+) Other non-interest expenses | -760 | -2,128 | -552 | -1,500 | -4,939 | -811 |
| (+) Release of loan loss provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0 | 224 | 0 |
| $(+)$ Release of other provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 254 | 0 | 0 | 254 | 0 |
| Net other non-interest result (adj.) with one-offs | 4,618 | 5,059 | 9,192 | 2,863 | 21,731 | 3,747 |
| $(-)$ Gain on the repurchase of own Upper and Lower Tier 2 Capital (booked as Net other non-interest result (adj.) at OTP Core and at the Corporate Centre) | 0 | 970 | 5,102 | 32 | 6,104 | 0 |
| Net other non-interest result (adj.) without one-offs | 4,618 | 4,089 | 4,090 | 2,831 | 15,627 | 3,747 |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -64,311 | -49,346 | -68,861 | -80,051 | -262,569 | -133,359 |
| (+) Non-interest income from the release of pre-acquisition provisions | 22 | 36 | 66 | 33 | 156 | 24 |
| (-) Revaluation result of FX provisions | -9,954 | 12,006 | -5,502 | 3,355 | -96 | -64,576 |
| (-) Release of loan loss provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0 | 224 | 0 |
| Provision for possible loan losses (adj.) | -54,335 | -61,540 | -63,293 | -83,373 | -262,541 | -68,759 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| After tax dividends and net cash transfers | -674 | -78 | -1,103 | -10,054 | -11,909 | -1,218 |
| (-) Sponsorships, subsidies and cash transfers to public benefit organisations | -390 | -2,676 | -920 | -9,833 | -13,819 | -1,163 |
| (-) Dividend income of swap counterparty shares kept under the treasury share swap agreement |  | 2,316 | 0 | 0 | 2,316 |  |
| After tax dividends and net cash transfers | -284 | 282 | -183 | -221 | -406 | -55 |
| Depreciation | -11,366 | -12,116 | -42,664 | -11,871 | -78,017 | -10,379 |
| (-) Goodwill impairment charges (OTP banka Srbija (Serbia), OTP Bank JSC (Ukraine), OTP banka Hrvatska (Croatia), CKB (Montenegro)) | 0 | 0 | -30,819 | 0 | -30,819 | 0 |
| Depreciation (adj.) | -11,366 | -12,116 | -11,846 | -11,871 | -47,199 | -10,379 |


| in HUF million | 1Q 13 | 2Q 13 | 3Q 13 | $4 \mathrm{Q} 13$ <br> Audited | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \\ \text { Audited } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1Q 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income taxes | -10,636 | 959 | -11,198 | -69 | -20,944 | 3,258 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of goodwill/investment impairment charges | 0 | 1,379 | 0 | 0 | 1,379 | 0 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the special tax on financial institutions | 6,581 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 6,825 | 6,593 |
| (+) Tax deductible transfers | 0 | -2,400 | -748 | -8,414 | -11,562 | -336 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the Financial Transaction Tax | 0 | 3,085 | 5 | 0 | 3,091 | 0 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority |  |  |  | 745 | 745 |  |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings |  |  |  | -5,533 | -5,533 |  |
| Corporate income tax (adj.) | -17,217 | -5,985 | -12,032 | -3,777 | -39,012 | -3,671 |
| Other operating expense, net | -3,379 | -4,141 | -5,776 | -26,499 | -39,795 | -3,972 |
| (+) Provision on securities available-for-sale and securities held-to-maturity | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 11 |  |
| (-) Other costs and expenses | -1,166 | -1,315 | -1,134 | -7,140 | -10,756 | -1,735 |
| (-) Other non-interest expenses | -1,445 | -4,920 | -1,918 | -11,082 | -19,365 | -2,037 |
| (-) Release of other provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 254 | 0 | 0 | 254 | 0 |
| (-) Other risk costs recognised in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme | -98 | 64 | 30 | 3 | 0 | -14 |
| Other provisions (adj.) | -671 | 1,778 | -2,755 | -8,270 | -9,918 | -187 |
| Other administrative expenses | -80,037 | -63,003 | -48,963 | -52,475 | -244,477 | -85,631 |
| (+) Other costs and expenses | -1,166 | -1,315 | -1,134 | -7,140 | -10,756 | -1,735 |
| (+) Other non-interest expenses | -1,445 | -4,920 | -1,918 | -11,082 | -19,365 | -2,037 |
| (-) Paid cash transfers | -686 | -2,792 | -1,366 | -9,582 | -14,426 | -1,226 |
| (+) Film subsidies and cash transfers to public benefit organisations | -390 | -2,676 | -920 | -9,833 | -13,819 | -1,163 |
| (-) Other r non-interest expenses | -760 | -2,128 | -552 | -1,500 | -4,939 | -811 |
| (-) Special tax on financial institutions | -35,808 | -351 | -350 | -357 | -36,867 | -35,986 |
| (-) Tax deductible transfers | 0 | -2,400 | -748 | -8,414 | -11,562 | -336 |
| (-) Credit institutions' contribution tax paid in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme | -2,161 | -30 | 34 | -48 | -2,205 | -2,819 |
| (-) Financial Transaction Tax | -5,752 | -6,165 | -9,316 | -11,270 | -32,503 | -9,892 |
| (-) One-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the Financial Transaction Tax | 0 | -16,238 | -29 | 0 | -16,267 | 0 |
| (-) Fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority | 0 | 0 | 0 | -3,922 | -3,922 | 0 |
| Other non-interest expenses (adj.) | -37,872 | -41,810 | -40,607 | -45,436 | -165,725 | -39,496 |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Structural adjustments made on consolidated IFRS profit and loss statement together with the calculation methodology of adjusted indicators are detailed in the Supplementary data section of the Report.
    ${ }^{2}$ The ICES and the perpetual (UT2) bond are treated as Tier2 capital elements. The regulatory approval/negotiation is still in progress.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Relevant footnotes are in the Supplementary data section of the Report.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ Special tax on financial institutions, dividends/net cash transfers, the fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority in 4Q 2013 and the tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings in 4Q 2013.

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ On 11 November 2013 the Parliament approved the amendment to the law on payment services (Act LXXXV/2009). Accordingly, from 1 February 2014 the first two cash withdrawals per month up to HUF 150,000 will be free of charge for those private individuals, who make a statement to their financial service provider. The law declares that any changes to fees and other commissions listed in the client contracts as well as the modification of their calculation methods in relation to the above mentioned amendment are prohibited. At the same time according to the law on financial transaction tax (Act CXVI/2012) banks are obliged to pay $0.6 \%$ tax on cash withdrawals.
    6 The law on payment services (Act LXXXV/2009) was amended. Accordingly from 1 January 2014 the interchange fee of cards is capped at $0.2 \%$ of the transaction value in case of debit cards and $0.3 \%$ in case of credit cards.

[^4]:    ${ }^{7}$ By end-June 2013 out of the total debt of local governments with more than 5 thousands inhabitants HUF 41.5 billion equivalent was prepaid, while HUF 101.2 billion equivalent was refinanced by a loan originated by OTP Bank for the Government Debt Management Agency. The latter exposure continues to be recognised as a municipal loan in the balance sheet of OTP Bank.
    ${ }^{8}$ The calculation is based on the supervisory balance sheet of the Hungarian National Bank: estimated FX adjusted change of the portfolio of „Loans to enterprises - Non-financial and other financial enterprises".

[^5]:    ${ }^{9}$ Based on the balance sheet data provision to the Hungarian National Bank (MNB), calculated from the aggregated financials for the „Loans to non-financial companies, other-financials companies and non-profit organisations supporting households" line of OTP Bank, OTP Mortgage Bank, OTP Building Society and Merkantil Bank.

[^6]:    ${ }^{10}$ From 1Q 2014 the structure of Statement of recognized income under IFRS presented in interim management reports has been modified. As for the changes, Other expenses were presented within Non-interest expenses according to the former structure, while according to the new structure this line has been divided into two separate lines: Other administrative expenses within Other administrative expenses line and Other operating expenses within the Net operating result line. The change in the structure also affects the tables reconciling the adjusted Operating expenses and the adjusted Other provisions with the accounting structure.

